BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

ESTABLISHED IN 1869. "Let us see to it, that a Government of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not Perish from the Earth."—A. LINCOLN. TERMS: $2.00 PER ANNUM

VOL. V. BELLEFONTE, PENN'A., WEDNESDAY MORNING, MARCH 26, 1873. NO. 10

BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

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Terms: $2.00 Per Annum in Advance.

POLITICAL NOTES.

—Where manufactures flourish, land and its products are most valuable.

—The President is unable to take his Southern trip, at least until the pressure of business is over.

—Ex-President Andrew Johnson recently appeared as counsel in a lawsuit in a Tennessee justice's court.

—Patrick H. Jones has resigned as Postmaster at New York, and Thomas L. James has been appointed to succeed him.

—The Republicans have elected their candidate for Governor in New Hampshire and two out of the three members of Congress.

—Prof. Tyndall leaves $14.000 in the hands of three trustees to be devoted to the education of young men in scientific knowledge.

—Mr. Boutwell has become a member of the U. S. Senate, and is succeeded as Secretary of the Treasury by Wm. A. Richardson.

—Fifty-four counties and cities vote on local option on Friday, the 21st.—Philadelphia has had her voting day put off until October.

—The Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, on the 17th ult., in Philadelphia, affirmed the Constitutionality of the Local Option law in a case brought up from the Twenty-second ward of that city.

—Governor Hartranft is the author of about one dozen of vetoes since his inauguration. If he only continues in this mood he will attract some attention in the Legislature and may gain some credit as an executive.

—Robert M. Douglas, the eldest son of the late Stephen A. Douglas, has been confirmed as United States Marshall for the Eastern district of North Carolina. Mr. Douglas was until recently private secretary to President Grant.

—Very few, if any changes will be made in the subordinate officers of the government throughout the country, the position of the President being that his re-election was their endorsement, provided they have been faithful and efficient.

—The Constitutional Convention has chosen L. Z. Mitchel, Esq., of Butler county, as a member of that body, in place of Wm. Hopkins, deceased. Mr. Mitchel is a gentleman of ability and fine legal attainments, and will make a useful member.

—President Grant is reported to have declared his fixed intention of hereafter making all appointments to Federal positions in the Territories of the United States from the residents thereof, instead of selecting them from importunate politicians of the Eastern States.

—Three conscience-stricken Congressmen refuse to pocket their ill-gotten $5,000 back pay. One of them declines to draw the amount, another returns it to the treasury, while a third appropriates it to school purposes in his district. But what of our other *representatives?*

—"Women of the age of twenty-one years and upwards shall be eligible to any office of control or management under the school laws of this State."—These words were adopted in committee of the Constitutional Convention, on Monday, as a new section for the organic law of Pennsylvania.

—The Democratic Convention of Rhode Island met at Providence, on the 18th, and nominated the following ticket: For Governor, Charles R. Cutter; Lieutenant-Governor, Samuel H. Wales; Secretary of State, Wm. J. Miller; Attorney-General, George N. Bliss; General Treasurer, W. P. Congdon.

—Women are working their way into official recognition. They are winning promotion at Washington by their efficiency where tried. One lady has recently been appointed to a fourth-class clerkship, at a salary of $1,800; another to a third class clerkship, at a salary of $1,600; and six others to second-class clerkships, at $1,400 salaries.

—Among the Commissioners appointed by the President to visit the Vienna Exposition are the following Pennsylvanians: Practical Artisan, Charles Davis; Honorary Commissioners, G. Dawson Coleman, Howard Painter, Thomas Beaver, John Shinn, Henry D. Moore, David Brooks, Joseph Wharton, J. Milliken and Charles M. Neis.

THE democrats used to pooh-pooh at the charge that if they should win the national battle they would assume the rebel debt. Perhaps they wouldn't. But Governor Walker of Virginia who was a bright and shining "liberal" light, has started a proposition to have the United States assume the legal debts of all the states—which would at least be an assumption of a good deal that sprung from the rebellion. We are glad to say, however, that everybody pooh-poohs Gov. Walker.

THE increase of salaries was carried through. The Congressman voted for it on the ground that it was not so much an increase as an equalization. They had abolished the franking privilege, and done away with mileage and stationery. This made a very pretty argument for the next Congress, but had no force at all, so far as we can see, as to the last one. We think the whole question of increase was wrong, and will tend to give us worse rather than better men for Congress.

IF the other paper is the simon-pure organ of the party, as it claims to be, why does it not say something about the course our member John H. Orvis, Esq., is pursuing? How about these roads, speeches, &c.? Why this silence? Is it right to force taxes upon constituents against their will? Has he been guilty of this? Come, speak out?—*Brown's Paper.*

We here have a chance to "speak out," and are asked to criticise the course of Hon. J. H. Orvis, the member from Centre. Why are we asked to abuse Mr. Orvis? Is it because he owns some stock in the paper we quote from, and does that paper want an opportunity to defend him? We will never abuse or censure any party or men, either in private or public life, without having some sufficient cause therefor.

Personally, Mr. Orvis is a comparative stranger to us. We have carefully observed his course in the Legislature, and when we find anything in his public life that conflicts with the interests of this county, either generally or locally, we will let our readers hear from us when we please and in a manner that suits ourselves.

We have understood that Mr. Orvis is an able lawyer and, generally, a smart man. He must be *smart*, to control the *Reporter* as he does, and have, besides, a pseudo Republican paper of his own in this county.

Why don't the paper we quote from say something about Mr. Orvis? Is its silence a confession that *it is not* the "simon pure organ of the party," but the tool of Orvis and other Democrats?

COUNTY PAPER.

The following is what the Cincinnati *Trade List* thinks of those characters who complain of their county paper, and instead of helping to support it, send off for large city papers, and thus help to sustain them:

"A gentleman writes to us that his county paper is so poor that he has stopped it therefore sends us three dollars for the Trade List. We repeat that we don't want subscribers on those terms. A man's county paper is worth more to him than any other paper is in the world, or if it is not, it is his own fault. If the county paper is properly encouraged, it may be relied upon for information of more value to the people in whose interest it is issued, than can be found in all the city papers in the United States. No man can afford to stop the paper that publishes the official advertisements of his county, the public sales, markets, court news, and other local intelligence. If the paper is poor the people are more at fault than the publishers, for not giving it liberal patronage. However poor the county paper may be it is always worth more than it costs to those interested in the affairs of its locality."

It is hardly necessary to comment on this. It is a truism no one can deny—that the paper is just what the people make it. If our county paper is not supported, how can we expect it to be good? and by sending off to the city for papers we do all we can to destroy the power and usefulness of the home paper.

It seems to us that every one who takes any interest in the growth and prosperity of our county, should encourage all home enterprises, we should patronize our own merchants and thereby leave our money at home instead of sending it off to help increase the wealth and importance of the large cities.

Our merchants, and others, should also patronize the farmer—even put themselves to some inconvenience, if necessary, in order to do so. In this way we shall help each other, and our people must increase in wealth and prosperity. Then let the farmer talk with the merchant, and the merchant with the farmer, so that by a free interchange of ideas they may learn of each others needs, and supply them.

Meanwhile we hope that neither party will forget the REPUBLICAN, but give to it a liberal support, and, on our part, we will strive to give you as good a county paper as can be found in the State. We will also, in this connection, call the attention of the farmer to our advertising columns. It is the most enterprising merchants that advertise, they do the largest business, and, therefore, are able to sell for the smallest margin of profit. Farmers, read our advertisements, and patronize the men that advertise, and our word for it, you will not regret it.

The Carnival of Murder.

We are in the midst of a carnival of murder. The telegraph and special correspondents, with the aid of the ever vigilant local reporter, are kept constantly at work communicating, describing and recording deeds of blood. Murder never took so many shapes. The hangman never had so many jobs to perform. The cutting of throats, beating out of brains, shooting, stabbing, poisoning and garroting are carried on with an industry and an intensity of desire for blood and revenge which have ceased to appal, and only for a moment puzzle those who study the facts, because one deed of atrocity is followed by another so closely that the contemplation of the acts is confused by their crowded repetition. Wives poison their husbands—husbands beat out the brains of wives—fierce ruffians cut each other's throats—paramours stamp the hearts out of their mistresses—brothers meet in fierce contest and hew the flesh from each other's bones—men lay in wait for each other in dark places, to assail and assassinate—homes are made bloody by the quarrels of kindred—lives are lost at the gaming table and the brothel—and thus this fearful carnival proceeds from bad to worse until the country, from one end to the other, is a scene of murder and misery too frightful to describe. What are the causes which produce these evil results? In our view of the case, there is but one prime, moving cause for this disregard for the sanctity of human life, and that is found in the curse of rum. Nineteen out of twenty murders committed, are the direct results of the effect of rum. Rum is the prime, moving incentive of the murderer. No man approaches a bloody deed without having drank more or less of liquor. No man can successfully deny these facts—and truths like these are the very best of arguments to sustain men who are resolved to restrain the traffic of rum.

NEWSPAPORIAL.

The *Riverside Home* has reached us. It is a very neat, nice looking paper devoted to the domestic and religious interests of American homes, and is a good paper for young folks. It is published at Pittsburg by R. N. McCormick & Co.

ANOTHER WIFE MURDERER HUNG.

EXECUTION OF JAMES McELHANEY.

BOSTON, March 21.—James McElhaney who murdered his wife August last, was hung in the Suffolk county Jail at eleven minutes past 11 o'clock this morning. The prisoner since his avowed conversion under the ministeration of his religious advisers maintained a calm composure, apparently awaiting his doom in a happy mood.

RELIGIOUS EXERCISES.

At 10 o'clock this morning, the prison doors were opened to admit the spectators, some two hundred persons being present, by invitation from High Sheriff Clerk. At 10:50 religious services were held in the parlor of the jail, the prisoner attired in a plain black suit sat by a table, accompanied by several clergymen. Exercises opened with singing of a hymn by the clergymen, in which the prisoner and spectators joined. Selections from the Scriptures were read by the Rev. Dr. Ray, after which the sacrament was administered by Rev. Dr. Scott, the spectators joining in singing the hymn, "Just as I am, without one Plea." The services closed with prayer, the prisoner kneeling with the clergymen. At eleven o'clock the prisoner entered the court yard where the scaffold was erected, accompanied by his spiritual advisors and the officers of the prison. The prisoner ascended the stairs of the scaffold with a firm step, still retaining his calm, resigned appearance. High Sheriff Clarke read the warrant for the execution, the prisoner sitting with pinioned arms in a chair on the trap.—The black cap was drawn over his head, and a prayer offered by one of the attending clergymen. The noose was then placed around McElhaney's neck, and he arose from his chair. At 11:10 the Sheriff pronounced the last words, the trap was sprung, and Jas. McElhaney was ushered into eternity. The body dropped eight feet and strangled instantly. There was a few convulsive movements of the body, lasting not over half a minute, and the body hung still in death. After hanging fifteen minutes the body was examined by the physicians, and life was declared extinct. The crime for which he to-day suffered the extreme penalty of the law was committed on the 17th of June last, and was one of peculiar barbarity. He had previously had much trouble with his wife, her mother being, it is said, the prompter of the trouble. On the day in question he called on his wife and demanded his property and child. The outer door of his house was open and he passed in without giving the usual signal and went directly up to his wife's room apparently greatly excited. His mother-in-law, Mrs. Roberts, followed him immediately and as she entered her daughter's room McElhaney was angrily demanding of his wife why she had not sent him the baby's picture, to which she replied that she wanted him to go away as she did not want anything more to do with him, but if there was any thing which belonged to him he might take it if he wanted it. He then demanded the parlor set of furniture, and upon her expressing her willingness for him to take it, he replied, "Damn you I don't want it." A word of controversy sprung up as to the custody of the child, when he ordered his wife's mother out of the room, but by a sign from Emma (Mrs. McElhaney) she remained. McElhaney then attempted to grasp the child from his wife, when it became frightened and clung to its mother. This exasperated him still more, and he cried out, "Damn you, I don't want you." His wife then arose, with the babe in her arms, and indirectly suggested that he should leave by remarking that she must go down and do up some clothes for the baby. McElhaney also arose and began to walk the floor, and when she approached the door he drew a pistol quickly from his pocket and shot her. The bullet entered her left temple, penetrated the brain, and causing her death in less than three hours. McElhaney then fired two shots into his own head, and although the wounds were for a time considered dangerous, the balls were extracted with but little difficulty and reason recovered. The latter shots, however, had the effect to stun him, and he fell to the floor, where lay his wife and child, with the blood flowing freely over both, presenting a ghastly sight. McElhaney soon recovered, however, and started to go down stairs with the pistol still in his hand. This was taken from him, when he turned and ran back into the room and jumped headlong out of the window in the endeavor to escape, but was caught on the spot by the officers. A day or two after he waived a hearing and was fully committed for trial. Since his sentence every effort has been made by his friends to obtain commutation of his sentence, and also to get a new trial, but the evidence of guilt was so clear that the authorities declined to interfere. The spectators in attendance at the execution consisted of city officials, newspaper men and the legal witnesses selected by the High Sheriff. The proceedings were most decorious and orderly, the utmost quietness prevailing without.

FOSTER'S CASE.

GOV. DIX DECLINED TO INTERFERE.

ALBANY, March 19.—Governor Dix having carefully considered the affidavit of the seven jurors in the Foster case, this morning, announced his intention not to interfere with the course of justice and refused to grant the commutation of sentence asked for Foster. Under these circumstances the execution will certainly take place on Friday the 21st inst.

SECOND DESPATCH.

The Governor just sent a communication to Sheriff Brennan that he had nothing further to communicate in the case of Foster. This decision is final and irreversible.

NEW YORK, March 19.—Sheriff Brennan telegraphed the following to Gov. Dix this morning: Sheriffs' Office, New York, March 19, to his Excellency John A. Dix. Do you propose to send me a communication in reference to the case of Foster, as the time presses. Please answer.

(Signed) MATHEW BRENNAN.

The following answer was received:

EXECUTIVE MANSION, ALBANY, N. Y., March 19.—I have no communication to make.

(Signed) JOHN A. DIX.

To Mathew Brennan, Sheriff.

THERE WAS A RUMOR AT THE TOMBS this morning that Gov. Dix had commuted Foster's sentence to imprisonment for life, no one however conveyed it to the interior of the prison to excite false hopes in the doomed man, for after diligent inquiry not the slightest foundation could be discovered for it. Foster, it is said, sleeps well, or at least the Deputy Sheriffs who watch him, suppose he does, for they could not discover any restlessness. They arose a little after the usual hour, six o'clock this morning, and a very nice breakfast was prepared for him by the matron of the female prison, but he ate very sparingly, and although he appears outwardly as unmoved as ever, it is evident the strain on his mind is seriously affecting his physical powers, and he may break down possibly entirely before the time for the execution, for there has been a severe and long struggle to overcome his feelings. He was not in his usual place near the stove in the corridor this morning, but at noon was locked in his cell with Rev. Dr. Tyng and they were engaged in reading the Scriptures and in prayer. The attention of Foster, since his hopes of mercy were destroyed, has been devoted to the Bible more than ever. The heart-broken wife was at the prison early this morning, but was not permitted to enter the cell of her husband, who is closely watched by the two deputy sheriffs. She sat outside while Dr. Tyng was engaged in religious services with her husband, and while they were in progress the cell door was locked, but the watchers sat in front of the barred door smoking their cigars and closely noting all that took place. The preparations for the execution will be commenced on Tuesday, and the gallows will be erected directly opposite the window of Foster's cell, in front of the female prisoner's Department.

THE EXECUTION.

A large crowd assembled on Centre street early this morning, increasing as the hour of Foster's execution approached. At seven o'clock the reserve police forces of all the down town precincts was converged towards the Sixth street precinct station house. The lines of police were drawn up across Centre street and all traffic was suspended in the street for the time being. Foster remained up very late last night occupied with his own thought. The last interview with his wife and mother had impressed him deeply. He spoke little or nothing except to ask the time. At three o'clock in the moning one of the Warden's asked him if he did not think it was time to go to bed, "No" replied he and then asked despondingly, "Is there any despatch yet Warden." The Warden replied in the negative. Foster shortly after retired and slept soundly and so long that he had to be called. At eight o'clock this morning he was calm and sad. He partook of breakfast but had but little appetite for food. In the meantime everything ontside of the prison yard was being conducted quietly and orderly. Captain Kennedy marched into the yard with one hundred police. The number of privileged persons and those who held passes assembled in the corridor. At nine o clock the Sheriff arrived and preparations for the final scene began. Foster came out at 9:12, the sheriff holding him up, he was so weak. The prisoner wore a black suit. Doctors Tyng and Schoonmaker devoted several minutes to prayer. The executioner adjusted the noose about Foster's neck, and the black cap was pulled over his face. Foster, at this terrible moment, trembled violently in every limb. A few minutes afterwards the signal was given, and Foster's body darted up in the air. The body hung motionless for same seconds, and in all probability his neck was instantly broken. Foster died easy, and showed wonderful courage. After the body had hung twenty seconds a heart-rending audible sigh was heard, and his legs and arms straightened out. There was still a preceptible thrill at the pulse. The physicians pronounced life totally extinct at 9:32. Ten minutes later the Sheriff and assistants approached, with a large shaven pine box, in which was a dark rosewood coffin, silver mounted, but without a plate. On being placed in the coffin, the black cap was removed from the head of Foster. The face showed that he had died calmly; the lower part of his face and neck was a deep red color. At ten A. M. the police reserves left the scene, the crowds surrounding the tombs, however, remained a greater part of the afternoon.

The sexton of Dr. Tyng's church called at the tombs shortly after Foster's body was cut down, and asked if it could not be permitted to remain there until evening, when it would be removed to the residence of his wife. The request was immediately granted, and the remains were removed about dusk.

The prisoners in the tombs have been closely confined and visitors excluded today. All the prisoners appear very despondent in consequence of the execution of Foster. Stokes has hardly spoken a word, even to his keeper.

STATE NEWS.

—The Cathedral at Reading is to be enlarged.

—Bradford county is entirely free from debt.

—Six townships in Greene county gave five hundred and fifty one against license.

—On both sides of the Susquehanna, at Port Deposit, the channels are again open through the ice gorge.

—The Snow in the mountains at the head-waters of the Susquehanna is estimated to be over six feet deep.

—John Blott, a Berk's county blacksmith and farmer, blotted out his existence the other day by hanging himself.

—The Centennial Anniversary of the organization of the Rainbow Fire Company of Reading, Pa., was celebrated in that city on the 17th inst.

—A Danbury young man, in the ardor of his affection promised to cherish a young lady love with a love that would survive an army overcoat.

—Mercer county is in about the best condition financially of any county in Western Pennsylvania. It has an excess of available assets over liabilities of $9,291 92.

—A man named Mayford, recently committed suicide at Hyde Park, Luzerne county, Pa., by throwing himself down a shaft four hundred feet deep. He was horribly multilated.

—Y. S. Walter, of the *Delaware County Republican*, Chester, is working heroically for the Centennial. We wish every county editor would show the same perseverance and energy.

—A Wester county paper, disclaiming any intention of appearing personal, delicately hints that "if the postmaster would resign, many persons would feel less anxious about their money letters."

—Williams and Brown, escaped Sing Sing convicts, were sentenced at Philadelphia, Saturday, to four years imprisonment each for an attempt to rob the Corn Exchange bank on Sunday last.

—In a certain street in Phila. A mother's sweet hope found a cartridge the other day and rubbed it on the stove to see if it was good. As his mother now knits left handed mittens, the cartridge is generally supposed to have been a good one.

—A family named Easby, living in Salisbury township, Lancaster county, Pa., and consisting of husband and wife and two children, have all died under circumstances which lead to the belief that they were poisoned. An examination is pending.

—The most regular man in Scranton is Smith. He wound up his clock regularly every night for fifteen years, and then discovered that it was an eight day clock. He muses on the work that he might have done in those wasted minutes, and his profanity is dreadful.

—A gentleman in Jefferson City, who was troubled with bed bugs, soaked the bed with kerosene and turned in, leaving the light burning. Just as he was dreaming that a regiment of bugs was drawing up a set of resolutions condemning him for using kerosene, he was awakened by a fireman pointing a nozzel of hoze through the window.

—Monday the 17th, St. Patrick's day, was observed in Williamsport, by a procession of the St. Patrick's Beneficial Society; Father Matthew Total Abstinence Society, and the Irish citizens generally. A lecture was delivered in the Court House in the evening by Hon. John O'Byrne, of Philadelphia, on the "Life and Labors of St. Patrick."

—They have a most exquisite perception of the funny in Westmoreland county. A most excruciating practical joke was played a few days ago when a young man poured some alcohol over a boy's head and set it on fire. The effect was ludicrous in the extreme, and of course no one could see it without being convulsed with laughter. There is no measuring the amount that we owe to these facetious fellows who relieve the tedium of life by such playful tricks.

—An accident occurred yesterday morning on the P. W. & B. R. R. It appears that the West Newton accommodation ran upon a broken rail a short distance above Shauer station; the engine, tender and the balance of the train with the exception of the rear car, passed over in safety; the latter was thrown from the track over an embankment of about twelve feet. Although there were a dozen persons in the car at the time of the accident and strange to say none of them were hurt. After a delay of half an hour behind time, the train arrived safely in the city.

BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN.

Wednesday Morning, March 26, 1873.

Poetry.

GO VAY, BECKY MILLER!

BY "OLD UNCLE SCHNEIDER."

Go vay, Becky Miller, go vay!
I don't lofe you now, von shmall leetle bit,
My dream vas played oud, so please got up and git,
Mit your false-headed vays I can't get along mit.
Go vay, Becky Miller, go vay!

Vas all der young voomans so falsehead like you,
Mit a face nice und bright und a heart plack und plue,
Und all der vhile schvearin you lofed me so true—
Go vay, Becky Miller, go vay!

Vy vonce I dought you vas a sthar vay up high,
I liked you so better as gogonut-bie,
But oh! Becky Miller, you'm now a big lie—
Go vay, Becky Miller, go vay!

You dook all der bresents vat I did bresent,
Yes, gobbled up efery blamed von vat I sent—
All der vhile mit anoder young rooster you vent—
Go vay, Becky Miller, go vay!

Vhen first I found oud you'm such a big lie,
I didn't know vedder to shmudder or die,
But now, py der Chingo! I don't ofen gry.
Go vay, Becky Miller, go vay!

Don't try to made belief you vas sorry about,
I don't beleef a dings vat comes oud of your moud,
Und besides I don't care—for you'm blayed oud,
Go vay, Becky Miller, go vay!

P. S.—(Pooty short). Vell he told Beck to "go vay" enough, ennerhow.
I dink he vas a ugly teller.
Vell, berhaps, dot serfs Becky choose right, for tooking bresents from von veller, vhile, at der some time, she is vinkin her nose py anoder feller. Dot's not goot vay, voon't it.

Our Story Teller.

MY SISTER ALICE.

PART II.

CONCLUDED FROM LAST WEEK.

Alice awoke to her full consciousness of her loss. It was evident that Dick, aroused to a conviction of her inconstancy, had left her forever. Early in the morning I had dispatched a trusty messenger to the hotel which he made his headquarters, whenever he visited Marsefield, and had heard to my dismay that he had left for the metropolis by the first train. I could not help crying for vexation and disappointment, for somehow I had deluded myself with the hope that he would at any rate strain an effort to see my sister once more, and that, penitent and mild, she would give him the "soft answer that turneth away wrath." And yet I could not help respecting and liking Dick for having had the courage to leave, for the only flaw in him, in my estimation, was a certain little weakness of character.

I thought it best to mention to Alice that he was gone, although I trembled lest a volley of reproaches should be launched on me for having interfered in the matter in any way; but poor Alice under her despair was as meek as one of our lambs, and in lieu of firing up, she turned her face away, and lay quite still for a long while. About midday the sound of horses' feet at the door fell on our ears. It was Mr. Farquhar's groom, and the missive he brought was as follows:

DEAREST ALICE:—Last night on my leaving, you looked into my eyes, and when I pressed your hand, you did not repel me; nay, you allowed me to place a ring upon your finger. With such encouragement, I cannot doubt the happy fact that you love me; but I long to hear your lips confirm my belief. One word to bid me hasten to you.

Your devoted A. F.

My sister had begun to read out the note slowly, but toward the end her voice grew almost metallic and disagreeable, while her eyes flashed liked sapphires, and a big round scarlet spot appeared on both her cheeks. She tore the paper into a dozen bits, and scattering them on the ground, she bade me give her a pen and ink, and with shaking fingers she dashed off her reply:

Last night was the ruin of my happiness. For the miserable gratification of a petty vanity, I lost all that made existence worth having. If I looked into your eyes it was because, like serpent's glances, they fascinated for a while, to be feared and loathed forever afterwards.—If I allowed you to press my hand, I would that I could cut it off and cast it into oblivion. I do not love you, Mr. Farquhar. Nay, I hate you, for you are the cause of a live-long sorrow to

A. G.

I listened aghast as she poured out the words loudly and passionately, and asked if she were mad to write that which could only evoke malice and revenge, but she silenced my expostulations contemptuously.

"Go and find the ring at once, Susan," was her imperious command; and obedient, according to habit, I went and searched the drawing-room; and, after crawling on all fours, like a cat, for some time, I discovered the trinket glistening in a dark corner.

She took it from me with a shudder, and adding, "I return the ring—a symbol of a hateful bondage, which my nature would never submit to," she closed and sealed the packet; and saying, "Mind, Susan, that subject is dead to us forever," she flung herself back on her pillow, and closed her eyes with a sigh of relief.

I wondered what Mr. Farquhar would think of his love-letter; but we never heard of him again until three months had elapsed, when he brought home an Italian bride—a beautiful woman with fierce black eyes and dusky tints, and the very opposite of Alice.

We heard nothing of Dick Oswald either, so that Alice could not but believe that the very memory of her existence had passed out of mind. She grew very quiet and crept about the house like a mouse all through the cold Spring.—Summer came with its bright sun and gay flowers, but her cheek did not catch their glowing hues, and her pretty eyes lost a good deal of their light. She became more devout than had been her wont, never missing the services, week-days and Sunday, in spite of any inclemency of the weather. And, strange to say, her beauty seemed more perfect under the shadow that had fallen upon it than in its pristine brilliancy and freshness.

We were not often alone in the evening, for young Mr. Carver, the curate, had fallen into the habit of dropping in, just like Dick used to do; and listening to his pleasant converse my sister Alice seemed to forget the past, and to grow more contented with her lot, though at night I used to fancy sometimes that a sound like sobbing issued from her room, but in the morning she would laugh away my fears, and bid me not vex myself about her. After awhile I began to forget her trouble in one of my own. True, I was plain and knew that no one was likely to care for me; but that disagreeable conviction did not prevent my heart having feelings like my fellow-mortals. Evening after evening, ensconced in a quiet corner, I used to sit and listen to Mr. Craven's low voice until it entered into my soul, and I thought that if those tones were all the music that was to be vouchsafed me, I would fain be satisfied. I never dreamed that those tones would ever warm toward me, yet when the idea flashed into my brain that they would breathe words of affection to another woman, I felt myself the most unhappy wretch on earth.

Did Henry Craven love my sister or not? This was the question that tortured my breast hourly, and I could not answer it satisfactorily to myself. At last, weary with suspense and anxiery, I began to steal away from the room when I heard his footsteep on the gravel path that led up from the gate; and although I yearned to gaze on the beloved face, I felt I could not bear to see it full of tenderness for another than myself. I grew like a little white ghost, with a thin wan face, out of which my black eyes looked big and weird-like; and all that I had cared for all my life, my birds and flowers, even the blessed sunshine, became distasteful to my sight. It was certain that Alice divined my suffering, but in lieu of pitying me or trying to soften my grief, she was wont to smile at me until I felt irritated at her unkindness, and strove to shun her presence as well. Ten long days passed away, and not once during that period had I seen or spoken to Mr. Craven, studiously watching for his coming that I might escape any chance of meeting him.

One evening—how well I remember it—the warmth of Summer, the fragrance of a thousand blosoms, the light of myriads of stars all made it pleasant, but I was weary and listless, recking nothing of externals, only feeling what a burden life had become to me in the latter days. I knew that my father had gone into his study, leaving my sister and Mr. Craven together, and jealous and miserable I sat at my open window, with my hair pushed from my temples that the soft air might fan away the throbbing, and with hands covering my eyes. Alice stole up to me of a sudden and drew them away, and in the half light I could see the old, mocking smile upon her red lips that she always wore whenever she was vexed or amused.

"Susan, what are you doing here all alone, little one?" she asked me kindly.

"I have a headache," I answered languidly, and to prove my words I leant my brow back on the window frame. She bent down and kissed it.

"Susan, don't be such a hypocrite; you know it's not a headache, but a heartache that you are suffering from!" and she peered curiously into my tell-tale face.

"Alice don't tease me," I replied pettishly, and I tried to rise, but she held me down tight.

"Susan, do you remember when we were children, how you used to worry me to tell you a pretty tale that you could think about; and I used to relate wonderful stories all about the loves of faries and spirits that delighted you? We are older now, but that is no reason why I shouldn't tell you a love story about mortals that you will enjoy listening to; so I am going to commence." And she seated herself on the broad sill and put her arm arund me. "Once upon a time," I interrupted her with an involuntary "O!" It was the exclamation of a pained heart, for I knew she was going to tell me that Mr. Craven loved her, and that she, forgetting Dick Oswald, loved him in return. She did not notice the exclamation, and went on:

"There were two sisters, one was pretty and the other was good; but with the usual folly of the world, there were more admirers of beauty than of goodness.—The good sister was as modest as a violet, and sooner than display her excellence, she would hide in dark places like this." And Alice pinched my arm to give a point to her remark. "But all rules have exceptions—*vide* Lindley Murray's Grammar—and, therefore, among the fools who worshipped beauty, there was one wise man who sought goodness, and longed to possess for his very own.

I listened with strained eyes and flushing cheeks, and a great flood of warmth and light seemed to come rushing into my heart.

"Sasan, must I finish the story, or can you guess the end? For all this while the wise man is kicking his heels down stairs, waiting to know if goodness is going to crown his days with bliss."

"Alice!" I couldn't say more. I felt as if a ball in my throat was choking me; but I let her take me down to the drawing-room, and push me in, and then she closed the door.

I stood with my eyes cast down, in the attitude of a penitent school girl, knowing that I was alone with him, but never daring to look at him. He must have come toward me on tiptoe, or else in the perturbation of my heart I never heard his step, for before another minute had passed, both my hands were in his, and his voice was saying.

"So you have come to me at last, Susan! Am I so hateful in your eyes that you could not bear to look upon me?"

Hurt at his words, I glanced up into his face. Something in that glance made him smile.

"Susan, has Alice pleaded my cause well? Has she told you that I have placed my hopes of happiness in these little hands, and that unless they clasp my own in all love and faith, I shall be a miserable man?" And he pressed his lips to my trembling fingers.

I stood in a dream. Susan, "poor plain Susan," was being courted with all the earnestness and delicate flattery that a "beauty" might have expected. But he did not let me dream very long.

"Do you love me, little one, or have I deceived myself?"

I don't know what I said, but I must have answered something, for my bewildered head was pressed against his breast, and I felt a kiss fall softly on my hot forehead.

"And you love me enough to become my wife?" he whispered.

He had to guess how much I loved him, after all; for I could never have told him, if I had talked all day and all night. But he was quite satisfied; and after a little while we were sitting side by side on the sofa, with Alice opposite us, congratulating us on our happiness. As I looked at her lovely face, I wondered how Henry Craven had deigned to notice me; but the next moment I met my darling's eyes, and in that glance faith and trust unspeakable were born and jealousy died out of my heart for ever.

Courtship at Marsefield went smoothly; and before many weeks were over I became Henry Craven's wife, but still an inmate of my old home, for my father, whose pet I had always been, could not bear me to leave him, preferred gaining a son to losing a daughter. We lived more quietly than ever, for my sister Alice was not so strong as in the days of yore, and she shrank from strangers and gayety, devoting herself to her books and music. The summer had come a second time since that fatal Christmas party that had spoilt her life for her, and thinking that fresh breezes might blow a little color into her cheeks and lips, I persuaded my father to send her away with my husband to the nearest seaside, while I took the reins of domestic government entirely into my own hands; and I saw her start from home with a strong hope that the change would be beneficial to her.

It was three days after their arrival at Eastboure that she and Henry arm-in-arm faced Dick Oswald on the beach.—Alice, clinging close to my husband, turned ashy pale, and Henry, unconscious of the cause of her agitation, bent anxiously over her, believing she was ill.

Dick Oswald passed them, and then, with a strange sort of defiance written on his face, he walked up to Henry and held out his hand.

"I heard of your marriage, Mr. Carven, and am glad of an opportunity of congratulating you," he said in a hard tone, but never once looking toward Alice. My husband, aware of my sister's engagement to him and her grief at losing him, accepted his overtures cordially, and after a few moments, invited him to pass an hour in the evening with them. Dick must have been determined to face everything, and to shut his heart against his unfortunate attachment for after a second's hesitation he assented to the proposition.

Alice told me when she came home, how, when the evening gloom was stealing over the sea, and the low murmur of the plashing waves was all the sound that fell upon the ear, she sat looking dreamily on the one bright streak of light that marked the horizon, while a strange calm such as her heart had not known for months, came over her in spite of the natural excitement of her nerves in meeting with her old love once more. Then footsteps at the door, and yet she never turned, although the footfall was a well-remembered one, and then a familiar voice trembling just a little, saying to her:

"Good evening, Mrs. Craven."

Alice started as the name was uttered, and was on the point of replying, but instead of words, the old smile hovered on her mouth, and she simply offered her hand in return for his greeting. But whether it was too dark, or his feelings warred against it, Dick ignored her amicable action, and retreating to a distant chair, commenced an ordinary conversation, until Henry and lights relieved him from his awkward tete-a-tete.

"The night is superb and the sea as calm as a fish pond," Dick ventured, by way of an original remark. "I don't wonder Mrs. Craven enjoys looking out," he added, in a tone of vexation that he should find himself an object of perfect indifference to one who yet ruled his whole soul.

"Mrs. Craven!" ejaculated my husband. The next moment he divined the mistake under which his guest was laboring, and, pitying him, determined to correct it at once. "Mrs. Craven! why, she is probably reading the *Times* to her father, or else going quietly to bed at Marshfield by this hour. And, by the way, I must not let the evening pass without writing her a line. I'll be back directly." And casting a look at Alice's still averted head, he walked out of the room.

"Alice, what on earth does he mean?" and Dick, eager and breathless, knelt at her feet. "Who is Mrs. Craven?"

"My sister."

"What, poor plain Susan?"

"Poor plain Susan; but in spite of her plainness, the dearly-beloved wife of an excellent man."

"And you, Alice, are you free? or is Arthur Farquhar still dear to you?"

"I hate him!" my sister flashed out bitterly; and the scorn in her eyes confirmed her assertion. "Yes, hate him! for through him I have passed weary days and miserable nights; and hope and happiness have left me for ever."

"Forever, Alice? Even if we two should be together once more as in the old, old days, when this face rested on my heart, and these sweet lips said they loved me? O, Alice, my life, my darling, let them say it to me once more, and I will bless you from my soul!"

Down went my sister's head upon its old resting-place, which must have made a very uneasy pillow, seeing that Dick's heart was beating at ten knots an hour; and the pretty lips that could smile so softly when they pleased, murmured, "I love you, Dick!

It was enough. All the misery of the past months was carried out of memory by the bliss of the present; and Alice, grown wiser, eschewed the rock of flirtation on which she had so nearly been wrecked.

And now, on Christmas Eve, I am sitting before a glorious fire, while my husband opposite is buried in the columns of a debate, and up a flight of stairs, in a tiny cot, a rosy-cheeked scion of the Cravens slumbers peacefully and sound. I am very tired, for I have been busy in preparation all day; for to-morrow, to pass Christmas at her old home, Alice and Dick Oswald return from their honeymoon.

SAVED BY A LOOK.

BY JOSEPH ALDEN, D. D.

Horace Manning stood in the bar-room of "The Wanderer's Rest," a cigar between his lips, and a glass of ale in his hand. A bright fire was burning in the stove, round which a group of men were sitting. Each had his glass, and nearly every one had his pipe or his cigar. Curls of smoke mounted lazily to the ceiling, and the air was beginning to take a faint blue tint. It was early in the evening, and the men in the bar-room had not yet drunk so much as to lose their senses or their temper. The night was dark and cold, and the brilliant lights and gaudy ornaments of "The Wanderer's Rest" looked cheerful and attractive to the shivering ones without.

Horace Manning had lately fallen into the habit of going into the bar-room as he went home from his work, and of standing there long enough to drink a glass of ale and to smoke a cigar. He was tired with being behind the desk all day; and he thought it rested him to look at the contented faces, and listen to the conversation and laughter, in "The Wanderer's Rest." True, the flush on some of the faces was too deep to be the flush of health, and the laughter was sometimes hoarse; but Horace did not think much of that. He was in no danger, he thought, of ever caring to spend his evenings by that fire, or of exchanging his pure complexion for such a one as some of his companions had.

To-night he was unusually tired. A mistake made some days before by the assistant book-keeper had been discovered, and it had taken Horace some hours to look over the books and correct it.

He had not intended to enter "The Wanderer's Rest;" for he had promised to take pretty Milly White to a lecture that evening, and he knew that she disliked the odor of tobacco. He had no idea that she would think him in danger of becoming a drunkard if she saw him among those men; though he heard her speak with disgust of the drinking-shops she sometimes passed, and with pity of those who frequented them. He would not have been quite easy had he known that Milly's soft eyes had seen him enter "The Wanderer's Rest," and that even now, she was standing at the corner of the street, watching anxiously to see him re-appear.

At the tea-table, Horace noticed that Milly looked sad. Since her childhood, she had lived with his mother; and he knew every shade of feeling that flitted over her gentle face. He could not imagine what had made her sad, and felt puzzled and almost irritated at her silence during their walk to the town hall, and her apparent indifference to the lecture. He was very much interested; and when, at the close of the lecture, the speaker grew more eloquent over the poetry of a happy household, he turned in a glow of admiration to Milly, and smiled. The look that answered his was not such as he was accustomed to received from her: its sadness chilled him.

During their walk home, neither of them spoke. After their return, Mrs. Manning said, "How did you like the lecture, Milly?"

"Very well," said the girl, but said no more. Horace, to put an end to his uncomfortable feelings, began a description of the lecture. He grew almost as eloquent as the lecturer, until, stealing a glance at Milly as she sat opposite, he saw a tear fall upon her hand. He could not understand it; and, rising abruptly, said "Good-night," and left the room.

The next evening, Milly had an errand to do in the street through which she had passed on the previous night. The house to which she going was nearly opposite "The Wanderer's Rest;" and as she stood on the step, waiting for the door to open, she saw Horace again enter the drinking-saloon.

Two men standing on the side-walk saw him, and began to comment on him.

"A pity!" said one.

"Yes," said the other. "He's a fine young man. I'm sorry to see him take the first step."

"It isn't the first step," was the reply: "I've seen him go there a good many times lately. I'm afraid the habit is fully formed."

"His mother's a widow; isn't she?"

"Yes; and he's her only son."

The door was opened. It was all that Milly could do to ask intelligibly for the person she wished to see, and afterwards to control herself sufficiently to say what she had come to say. During her stay, she sat by a window whence she could see the place into which Horace had gone. He did not come out while she sat there; nor while, under the pretext of gathering up her dress, she stood on the step, and waited. Slowly she walked to the corner, hoping every instant to hear his quick step behind her, but hoping in vain.

What should she do? The words she had heard rang in her ears. She saw him ruined for life, and with him her own and his mother's happiness. It seemed more than she could bear. She stopped at the corner, and, with a prayer for help went rapidly back towards "The Wanderer's Rest."

Horace Manning, depressed by Milly's strange behavior the night before, and tormenting himself as to its cause, had spent an unhappy day, and had determined to go directly home, and ask her to tell him what had distressed her. He did not think of going into "The Wanderer's Rest:" but habit had grown stronger than he was aware of; and, almost before he thought, he found himself in the bar-room.

"No, I won't take ale to-night," he said to the landlord, "nor a cigar. Give me a glass of brandy-and-water."

Several customers were waiting, and some time elapsed before his turn came. As he looked around the room, he saw an unoccupied chair, and sat down in it. A strange feeling came over him as he did so,—a kind of shrinking form the closer companionship with those around him into which this act brought him. But he shook off the feeling half angrily.

"Pshaw!" he thought: "how foolish I am! I shall probably never sit here again."

At length, the landlord brought him his glass. He sat looking at it in absent manner, and did not taste it.

"Sick?" asked a red-faced man at his side as he saw the untasted glass. Horace shook his head.

"In debt?"

"No."

"In love?" At this a loud laugh rang through the room.

"No," said Horace shortly. "I am tired, and I came here to drink my brandy and water in peace."

"Oh! she won't let you drink it at home," was the rejoinder.

Another laugh went round.

Horace disdained to reply. He raised his glass to his lips, and, at the same time raised his eyes. His glass went down untasted, and he sprang to his feet.—Every one in the room looked towards the door. There, pale and trembling, stood Milly White. She did not speak: she only looked at Horace earnestly for a moment, and turned away. He threw down the payment for his liquor, and rushed after her. On the sidewalk he found her sobbing. He drew her arm through his, and said, as they took their way home, "God bless you, Milly! you have saved me." And so she had.

English and American Girls.

A writer in the Cornhill Magazine thus ventures: "To express the precise nature of the difference between American and English ladies is extremely hard—it is something too subtile to be represented by any combination of epithets. You are sensible of a sort of charm which is wanting here; you miss another charm which is present here; you do not know which is more to be desired, but you doubt the possibility of combining them. American girls are certainly more independent than ours are; more accustomed to take care of themselves; not less really domestic in their hearts, but less tied to their mothers' apron strings; franker in their speech, and more ready to tell you about themselves, their circumstances, their families. There is a kind of French verve and force about them, but there is also a Teutonic truthfulness. Then there is a nimbleness and versatility of mind, as well as a self-possession of manner, which puts a stranger at his ease from the first. When an English girl throws the weight of the conversation on her partner, an American girl takes it up, draws him out, perhaps chaffs him in a genial fashion, and expresses her opinion freely on all the topics that turn up. English ladies of the old school would be apt to disapprove of her on slight acquaintance. But when they come to know her better, they would perceive that she is, in essential matters, decorous as well as refined.—American ladies who have mixed in fashionable society in London may often be heard to say that they are astonished at the quantity of scandal they hear talked there; and it is certainly true that one hears very little in America. In such places as New York and Chicago there are, of course, fast sets, just as there are in London and Liverpool. But in point of purity and real moral elevation, the best at any rate equal, to that of our own upper classes; while the American middle class is certainly more cultivated, more interesting in the "things of the mind," than the commercial class in England."

A Dog Story.

BY FALCONBRIDGE.

Rover had become attached in some unaccountable way to the fire company of an eastern city, and good service he did too. Always on hand, his deep bay leading the men, he had many narrow escapes, but still remained unhurt, with the exception of a deep scar across the beast made by a falling beam. He was a Newfoundland bull-dog, compactly made. His weight was perhaps a hundred pounds. He had close, black, shiny hair, massive chest, and luminous black eyes.

It was the night of the great fire on C. street when the stately houses, palaces you might call them, were swept off in a moment. The owner of one of them, as it afterward appeared, had once befriended Rover in his puppyhood, and the kindness had never been forgotten. The first block was past hope, when Rover and company reached it, and an adjoining one owned by his early friend was about to follow. The almost superhuman efforts of the firemen were useless, the inmates had just time to reach the sidewalk with their most valuable chattles, when the cry went through the crowd "a child in the building!" A dozen firemen sprang to the rescue like the brave men they were but a braver one had preceded them at the instant of the cry. Unperceived in the excitement, Rover had sprung into the burning building. The fire had progressed with such alarming rapidity, that the firemen were driven back from the threshold, but what of the dog? His absence had but just been noticed, when a shout went up as he appeared with the child in his mouth just as it lay wrapped in its cradle. Sleepy and surprised, but unharmed, it was placed at its father's feet.

But Rover had done his last work, his back was fearfully scorched, one leg being limp and useless, his mouth foaming as his red tongue lolled out from it. He could not move; a touch was agony for him. A spasm went over his heavy frame. He lifted up his head and gave a groan almost human. The eyes, eloquent in their dying light, grew fixed and staring, another shiver, and Rover was dead.

It was only a dog, and yet with uncovered head, and eyes blinded with fast coming tears the men had watched him die. In the city cemetery is a marble slab often visited by a young girl, which bears this inscription,

"In memory of Rover,
He died for me."

Saved by a Prayer—Almost Frozen to Death.

Mollie and Charlie Gross, two little residing with their parents at or near Ephrata, narrowly escaped being frozen to death one day last week while they were coasting. It appears that they left home in the morning and were not heard of until the afternoon, when the mother, becoming anxious for the safety of her little ones, looked out of the window and over the hills that surround her home.

She strained her eyes to the utmost, and at last she thought she saw the form of her little Mollie, in a kneeling posture, with hands clasped and face upturned towards heaven. She hurriedly informed her husband of this fact, and he was soon on the road to rescue his little darlings. He succeeded in reaching the hill upon which his little daughter was still kneeling in the snow in the attitude of prayer, and soon she was clasped in his strong arms.

Quickly she was bundled up in a blanket, and it was not long before she began to recover from her half frozen condition. The Father asked where Charlie, the brother, was, and Mollie said he had

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Takes pleasure in informing the citizens of Bellefonte and vicinity that, since the dissolution of the late firm of Sussman & Guggenheimer, he has taken the

LOWER ROOM

of the two extensive ones lately occupied by them, in Bush's Arcade, where he is now dealing extensively and exclusively in

LEATHER,

SHOE FINDINGS,

MOROCCO SKINS,

TRUNKS, &c.

RAW HIDES BOUGHT AND SOLD!

The undersigned also makes a specialty of

CLOVER AND TIMOTHY SEED,

which he both buys and sells.

CALL IN! CALL IN!

And my word for it, great bargains can be had.

v4n12-1y. ABRAHAM SUSSMAN.

P. B. WILSON, THOMAS A. HICKS

WILSON & HICKS,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

SUCCESSORS TO IRWIN & WILSON,

THE PLACE TO BUY THE CHEAPEST HARDWARE, PAINTS, OILS, &C.

RESPECTFULLY INFORM THE citizens of Centre and other counties, that they have one of the largest and best selected stocks of

HARDWARE,

to be found, consisting of

IRON, STEEL, NAILS,

HORSE-SHOES,

AXLES, SPRINGS,

WAGON SKEINS & BOXES,

complete stock of

CARPENTER TOOLS,

BUILDER'S HARDWARE,

LOCKS, &C.

OILS, PAINTS, GLASS,

VARNISHES, BRUSHES,

Cucumber Pumps and Tubing.

LAMPS, OF ALL KINDS,

Scales, Cutlery, Wood & Willow-ware, full line of Saddlery and Coach Maker Goods, Wood Work for Buggies & Wagons

Plows, Harrows Cultivators, Grindstones, Looking Glasses and Mirror Plates, Picture Frames made to order. We also have the celebrated COOK STOVE, SUSQUEHANNA, every one warranted to give perfect satisfaction, and all kinds of PARLOR STOVES. We are determined to sell at the lowest prices for cash, or on short credit not to exceed 3 months. Call and see us as we take pleasure in showing our goods.

v4n9-1y WILSON & HICKS.

WISHART'S PINE TREE TAR CORDIAL,

NATURE'S GREAT REMEDY

FOR THE

Throat & Lungs.

It is gratifying to us to inform the public that Dr. L. Q. C. Wishart's Pine Tree Tar Cordial, for Throat and Lung Diseases, has gained an enviable reputation from the Atlantic to the Pacific coast, and from thence to some of the first families of Europe, not through the press alone, but by persons throughout the States actually benefitted and cured at his office. While he publishes less, so say our reporters, he is unable to supply the demand. It gains and holds its reputation—

First. Not by stopping cough, but by loosening and assisting nature to throw off the unhealthy matter collected about the throat and bronchial tubes, *which causes irritation.*

Second. It removes the cause of irritation (which produces cough) of the mucous membrane and bronchial tubes, assists the lungs to act and throw of the unhealthy secretions, and purifies the blood.

Third. It is free from squills, lobelia, ipicac and opium, of which most throat and lung remedies are composed, which allay cough only, and disorganize the stomach. It has a soothing effect on the stomach, acts on the liver and kidneys, and lymphatic and nervous regions, thus reaching to every part of the system, and in its invigorating and purifying effects it has gained a reputation which it must hold above all others in the market.

NOTICE.

The Pine Tree Tar Cordial,

Great American Dyspepsia Pills,

AND

WORM SUGAR DROPS!

Being under my immediate direction, they shall not lose their curative qualities by the use of cheap and impure articles.

HENRY R. WISHART,

PROPRIETOR.

FREE OF CHARGE.

Dr. L. Q. C. Wishart's office Parlors are open on Mondays, Tuesdays and Wednesdays from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M., for consultation by Dr. Wm. T. Magee. With him are associated two consulting physicians of acknowledged ability. This opportunity is not offered by any other institution in the city.

All letters must be addressed to

L. Q. C. WISHART, M. D.,

No. 233 N. SECOND ST.,

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v4n45-6m.

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Warren Range

First Premium Am. Inst. 1871

Double Elevated Oven, Warming Closet, Broiling Door, Fender Guard Dumping & Shaking Grate, Direct Draft. FULLER, WARREN & CO., 236 Water Street, N. Y. 4-8t

ESPECIAL ATTENTION

of manufacturers who have become disgusted with the odors of Paraffine Oils and their ill effects upon machinery, is invited to

E. H. Kellogg's SPERM Engine Oil @ $1.20 ₰ gal
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Manufactured only by 4-8
E. H. KELLOGG, 17 Cedar Street, New York.

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PAIN! PAIN! PAIN!—THE GREAT DISCOVERY for the relief of pain and a sure and immediate cure for Rheumatism, chronic and acute, Sprains, &c. It has a pleasant and refreshing odor, and will not grease or stain the most delicate fabric, which makes it a luxury in every family. Price 25 cents per bottle. For sale by all druggists. REUBEN HOYT, Prop'r, New York. 7-4t

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Unabated success of

CRUMBS OF COMFORT.

ELEGANT! GORGEOUS! BRILLIANT!

Crums of Comfort, the greatest success of the age. Thousands of ladies attest its worth, and unhesitatingly pronounce it the *Queen of Lusters.* The Press universally praise it and proclaim it *woman's every day friend.* Economical, Lasting, Unapproachable. PRICE, 10 CENTS. Ladies will find Crumbs of Comfort for sale by all first-class grocers, hardware dealers, country storekeepers, &c., throughout the United States and Canadas. H. A. BARTLETT & CO., Manufacturers Barlett's Blacking, Pearl Blue, &c., &c., 113, 115, 117 No. Front St., Philadelphia; 143 Chambers St., New York; 43 Broad St., Boston. 7-6t

"PSYCHOMANCY, OR SOUL CHARMING." How either sex may fascinate and gain the love and affections of any person they choose, instantly. This simple mental acquirement all can possess, free, by mail, for 25 cents, together with a marriage guide, Egyptian Oracle, Dreams, Hints to Ladies', &c. A queer, exciting book. 100,000 sold. Address T. WILLIAM & CO., Pub's, Phila. Pa. 7-4t

A BRAVE BOOK

"WHAT WOMEN SHOULD KNOW."

A Woman's Book About Women, by a Women, (MRS. E. B. DUFFEY)

The only work of the kind ever written by a woman, is a necessity in every household, its entire novelty and eminent practicalism will create an immense demand. Notwithstanding the delicate subjects necessarily treated, it is written in such brave, pure style as will not offend the most fastidious. Lady agents never have had such an opportunity to make money and do good. Terms and sample sheets mailed free on immediate application. J. M. STODDART & CO., Philadelphia. 7-4t

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My Jolly Friend's Secret.

Dr. DIO LEWIS' new Work is an immense success. Saves money, worry and precious health, and shows how to live well and grow fat on $1 a week. Agents are coining money and doing a world of good with it. Delay not, but address at once

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Sewing Machine

Is the BEST IN THE WORLD

AGENTS WANTED. Send for Circular. Address "DOMESTIC" SEWING MACHINE CO. N. Y. 5-4t

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is unequaled by any known remedy. It will eradicate, extripate and thoroughly destroy all poisonous substances in the Blood and will effectually dispel all predisposition to bilious derangement.

IS THERE WANT OF ACTION IN YOUR LIVER & SPLEEN? Unless relieved at once, the blood becomes impure by delcterious secretions, producing scrofulous or skin diseases, Blotche, Felons, Pustules, Canker, Pimples, &c., &c.

HAVE YOU A DYSPEPTIC STOMACH? Unless digestion is promptly aided the system is debilitated with loss of vital force, poverty of the Blood, Dropsical Tendency, General Weakness or Lassitude.

HAVE YOU WEAKNESS OF THE INTESTINES? You are in danger of Chronic Diarrhoea or the dreadful Inflammation of the Bowels.

HAVE YOU WEAKNESS OF THE UTERINE OR URINARY ORGANS? You must procure instant relief of you are liable to suffering worse than death.

ARE YOU DEJECTED, drowsy, dull, sluggish or depressed in spirits, with head ache, back ache, coated tongue and bad tasting mouth?

For a certain remedy for all of these diseases, weaknesses and troubles; for cleansing and purifying the vitiated blood and imparting vigor to all the vital forces; for building up and restoring the weakened constitution USE

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which is pronounced by the leading medical authorities of London and Paris "the most powerful tonic and alterative known to the medical world." This is no new and untried discovery but has been long used by the leading physicians of other countries with wonderful remedial results.

DON'T WEAKEN AND IMPAIR the digestive organs by cathartics and physics, they give only temporary relief—Indigestion, flatulency and dyspepsia with piles and kindred diseases are sure to follow their use.

Keep the blood pure and health is assured.
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WORKING CLASS MALE OR FEMALE, $60 a week guaranteed. Respectable employment at home, day or evening; no capital required; full instructions & valuable package of goods sent free by mail. Address, with six cents return stamp, M. YOUNG & CO, 123 Greenwich st, N Y

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Neglect a Cough. Nothing is more certain to lay the foundation for future evil consequences.

WELL'S Carbolic TABLETS

are a sure cure for diseases of the Respiratory Organs, Sore Throat, Colds, Croup, Diphtheria, Asthma, Catarrh, Hoarseness, Dryness of the Throat, Windpipe, or Bronchial Tubes, and all Diseases of the Lungs.

In all cases of sudden cold, however taken, these TABLETS should be promptly and freely used. They equalize the circulation of the blood, mitigate the severity of the attack, and will in a very short time, restore healthy action to the affected organs

Wells' Carbolic Tablets are put up only in *blue boxes.* Take no substitutes. If they can't be found at your druggist's, send at once to the agent in New York, who will forward them by return mail.

Don't be Deceived by Imitations.
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BEHIND THE SCENES IN WASHINGTON.

The quickest selling book of the day. It tells all about the great Credit Mobilier Scandal, Senatorial Briberies, Congressmen, Rings, Lobbies, and the wonderful Sights of the National Capital. It sells quick. Send for circular, and see our terms and a full description of the work. Address, NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., Philadelphia, Pa. 9-4w

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TWO NEW POTATOES!

BLISS'S SELECT GARDEN SEEDS.

EXTRA EARLY VERMONT. Ten Days Earlier than Early Rose. Enormously Prodnctive and of EXCELLENT FLAVOR. $1 per pound; 4 pounds by mail, postpaid, for $3,50.

COMPTON'S SURPRISE, 826 bushels to the Acre. A little later than Early Rose. EQUAL in QUALITY. $3 per pound, by mail, postpaid.

$500 will be awarded as PREMIUMS to those who produce the Largest Quantity from one pound. Descriptive Circulars of the above, with list of 300 varieties of Potators, free to all.

ILLUSTRATED SEED CATALOGUE, 200 pages with COLORED CHROMO, 25 cents.

A New Tomato the **"Arlington."** Early, solid and productive. Price, 25 cts. per packet. Five packets for One Dollar.

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DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR

10 YEARS

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PUBLIC TEST

Has proved

Dr. Crook's WINE OF TAR

To have more merit than any similar preparation ever offered the public.

It is rich in the medicinal qualities of Tar, and unequaled for **diseases of the Throat and Lungs,** performing the most remarkable cures.

Coughs, Colds, Chronic Coughs.

It effectually cures them all.

Asthma and Bronchitis.

Has cured so many cases it has been pronounced a specific for these complaints.

For pains in Breast, Side or Back,

Gravel or Kidney Disease,

Diseases of the Urinary Organs,

Jaundice or any Liver Complaint,

It has no equal.

It is also a superior Tonic,

Restores the Appetite,

Strengthens the System,

Restores the Weak and Debilitated,

Causes the Food to Digest,

Removes Dyspepsia and Indigestion,

Prevents Malarious Fevers,

Gives tone to your System.

For Scrofula, Scrofulous Diseases of the Eyes, or Scrofula in any form.

Any disease or eruption of the Skin, disease of the Liver, Rheumatism, Pimples, Old Sores, Ulcers, Broken-down Constitutions, Syphilis, or any disease depending on a depraved condition of the blood, try

DR. CROOK'S SYRUP OF POKE ROOT.

It has the medicinal property of Poke combined with a preparation of Iron which goes at once into the blood, performing the most rapid and wonderful cures.

Ask your Druggist for Dr. Crook's Compound Syrup of Poke Root—take it and be heal'ed.

4-14-1y

BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN.

Wednesday Morning, March 26, 1873.

E. T. & R. P. TUTEN,.....Proprietors.

EDWARD T. TUTEN,..... .....Editor.
ROBERT P. TUTEN,.....Publisher.

erms: $2.00 Per Annum in Advance.

NEWSPAPER DECISIONS.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the Post Office—whether directed to his name or not—is responsible for the pay.
2. If a person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrearages, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made, and collect the whole amount, whether it is taken from the office or not.
3. The courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the Post Office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, is prima-facie evidence of fraud.

THE BANK OF ENGLAND FRAUDS.

ACCOUNT BY MAIL.

The forgeries on the Bank of England, of which some details were given by telegraph, was one of the most skillful known of late years. It was discovered on March 1st, by the merest accident. It was a most elaborate conspiracy, the object being to have forged bills discounted. It must have been carried out by men of considerable acquaintance with commercial affairs of large capital.

The Bank of England exercises very great caution in allowing discount accommodation to new customers; any person requiring to open a "discount account" must be introduced by one of the directors, and very careful inquiries are made into his respectability and solvency. But the bank has also a branch in the Westend, at Burlington Gardens, for the convenience of those gentlemen and tradesmen who might find it inconvenient to journey to the city on business.

This branch naturally is not ordinarily concerned with the large bill transactions of city commerce, and in consequence is less bound by strict regulations in dealing with any business which, by chance, may come to it. This was the point chosen by the conspirators for their attack. Some months ago an American named Frederick Albert Warren, who also appears to have gone by the name of G. J. Horton, opened a deposit account with the Burlington Garden's branch, for which he would only want the introduction of a customer.

He behaved for some time just like an ordinary customer of good resources. He drew up his balance and renewed it, but kept it always at a good figure.—After a while he deposited some bills. They were good and genuine bills. Still he was careful not to be hasty, and he continued his transactions with the bank until he had acquired the reputation of a person engaged in legitimate commerce and thoroughly trustworthy.

At length the moment came for the presentation of the forged bills. They were discounted without hesitation, and the authors of the fraud had, to all appearance, succeeded in safely pocketing about a hundred thousand pounds. Some of the money, it appears, was invested in United States bonds, so that to the last they might avoid the appearance of doing anything unusual.

They are said to be Americans, and what more natural than that they should desire bonds of their own country. All these arrangements were masterpieces of ingenuity and patience. But the bills themselves must have required the greatest amount of labor. In the first place, many of the large firms upon whom the bills purported to be drawn are in the habit of using a peculiar kind of paper, with certain water marks and printed matter.

All this would have to be imitated, and, as the bills were drawn on more than one firm, there must have been several such imitations. There remained the drawing of the bills and the affixing the signatures, and each bill must have required a series of feats in successful forging.

Some bills were backed by several acceptors, so that there might easily be as many as half a dozen signatures on a single bill. Yet the bills were so perfect that not one of them was questioned on the ground of the acceptances not appearing genuine. The plot had, to all appearances, a success, which its consummate skill and patience deserved. The money was obtained. The bills were drawn at three months' date.

No further inquiry was likely to be make about them until they fell due, and the forgers would have ample time for placing themselves far beyond all risk of capture. But the men who had exerted a skill, foresight and perseverance sufficient to insure the unhesitating acceptance of forged bills, could not escape one trivial blunder, which revealed the whole plot.

They presented two bills in which the date of acceptance had been omitted. The whole calendar was at their disposal; they knew perfectly well that a single slip in the usual formalities would be fatal, and yet they fell into the folly of marring their whole scheme for lack of a date. Inquiry was of course made of the firm whose acceptance was thus undated; it was discovered that the bill was not genuine, and the whole series were then found to be forgeries.

Information was at once given to the police, and a man named Noyes, also an American, who acted as a clerk to Warren, was arrested. There is some doubt however, whether he was not simply a tool in the hands of his principal and knew nothing of the swindle. Warren himself was seen in the city on March 1, the day on which the grand *coup* was to have been made and the securities handed over, but he was far too sharp to come himself for the plunder, and consequently only Noyes was taken. Warren immediately disappeared, taking with him United States bonds (which he had already obtained in payment for the forged bills) to the amount of $2,200 00. A reward of $2,500 was a once offered for his capture. Had the *coup* March 1 been successful the confederates would have cleared, it is said, upwards of half a million dollars.

——The Philipsburg *Journal* speaks of our friend Boals elocutionary efforts in that place, as follows:

Mr. Boal acquitted himself well. His poetical selections were rendered in good style, and for one so young in a manner to elicit admiration. We hope he may favor us with another entertainment under more favorable circumstances, confident the impression created on Tuesday evening will assure him a good house.

——A Harris township teacher last week punished a little girl by putting a block of wood in her mouth, compelling her to keep it there until relieved. The result of this senseless and inhuman act was, when the block was removed, the child was unable to close its mouth. Medical aid was summoned, and the child is now well.

We are unable this week to give a detailed account of the vote throughout the State on Local Option, as the returns are very meagre and incomplete; but we shall endeavor to do so in our next issue.

The following communication comes to us from an unexpected source, and, although we know nothing about the facts, we publish it as an instance of the many trials and difficulties that beset the instructors of the rising generation:

For the Republican.

SERIO-COMEDY.

Was it a comedy? Was it a tragedy? or was it a serio-comedy? Well, we will venture the latter for a name, and subject our venture to the judgment of the public, to whom we give an account of the same. Pleace—room of grade No. 2, Bellefonte Public School. Time—Tuesday, March 18, 1873, about 10 a. m. Parties—the teacher of said grade and one of his patronesses. On the morning referred to, the sun arose with his usual splendor and brilliancy, and shed his genial rays over nature, and there was nothing apparent to presage a coming storm. The Professsor was promptly at his post and had assumed the discharge of his routine of duties.—All was moving along swimmingly.—The school room was enjoying its usual calm. Classes were being summoned to recitation and discharged without any serious jar, when an unexpected visitor put in an appearance whose presence non-plussed the Prof. and disordered the orderly proceedings. The visitor, an Amazonian female of masculine proportions, without ceremony or invitation, stepped in, her brows knit, a scowl on her countenance, eyes fixed with anger, step firm and forcible, and her whole countenance presenting an appearance of inflexible determination to do or die. The meeting between her and the Prof. was not necessarily very formal, nor did it altogether lack formality. One would hardly suppose it had been coveted or courted.

For a time, affairs received a shock, and the visitor was the object of intense gaze to both teacher and scholars. With apparent indifference, and reticacy of manner, the Prof. invited the visitor to be seated upon the rostrum. Whereupon the visitor, with fierce look and threatening attitude, turned her attention to the Prof. and the following colloquy, accompanied with appropriate gesticulations, took place:

Prof.—O, madam, be seated.

Visitor.—I'll learn you—I know you—I knew you when you stole apples out of our orchard, and when you were no better off than I am now—you little fiste of a good-for-nothing-you!

P.—O, madam, please be seated on the rostrum.

V.—Yes, I do know you, and you can't deny it. I'll learn you to kick and cuff my boy, and choke and abuse him.

P.—O! madam, please do be seated on the rostrum.

V.—I've just come here to shake your bones, and give you a chance to pull my gray heirs. [Here the visitor advanced, and the Prof., by force of circumstances, grew extremely polite and advanced—like unto a crab.] If you ever abuse my boy—I won't leave until I do shake you—*vgh by gall.*

P.—O! O! O! madam do please be seated on the rostrum. Here the scene was interrupted by the apperance of the Principal of the schools, who commanded the attention of the visitor and then suggested, that the Prof. one of the chief actors in the play, that he was wanted up stairs. He acted upon the suggestion and got up and got. Recess was announced, and the visitor artfully decoyed into the room of the first grade and entertained by the Principal. The entrance to the second grade room securely barricaded by the Organ, the Prof. by a piece of strategy, that would give a warrior renoun and celebrity, descended into his apartment by another stairway; and called the school. The visitor discovering she had been outwitted and outgeneraled, grew furious and boisterous for an instant and at once formed herself into a line of battle ready to resume the attack, but the organ was in the way, and the onslaught prevented. By effort the visitor was induced to visit the grades up stairs, and one of teachers whom she knew and who was posted, artfully detained her some time. In the meanwhile the Prof. nervously urged affairs in his school and finishing his course, concluded to run his race. With the utmost dispatch he dissolved his connections with the school room, and gathered himself to secure retreat of his boarding house with a celerity never before equaled in his life. Like Lot's wife he looked back several times but unlike Lot's wife he didn't stop long enough on the way to turn into a pillow of salt. When the Amazonian came down and learned that her bird had flown, she again frenzied, and with mutterings and threatenings of vengence against the Prof. resolved to meet him in the future elsewhere when the thing would be fought out, or if it wasn't it wouldn't be her fault. She then left, rather a little frustrated. It is said the Prof. sleeps well, but is on the qui vive.

PENNSYLVANIA.

ROBBERY OF THE PITTSTON POST-OFFICE.

Pittston, March 20.—The postoffice in this place was entered by burglars between midnight and five o'clock this morning. They ransacked the place well, and carried $1,100 worth of stamps away. After leaving the postoffice the burglars broke into the store of C. Pugh, and packed up a number of articles, but, being disturbed, fled and got nothing at the latter.

RAILWAY ACCIDENT.

South Bethlehem, March 20.

An unknown man was found on the Lehigh Valley railroad track this morning, half a mile below the depot. The body was fearfully cut up, having been run over by a train. The coroner will hold an inquest at 8 o'clock this evening. The body has been identified as that of James Howard, of Reddington, Pa., a place one mile from Freemansburg, where he resided and was employed at a furnace.

The coroner's jury in the case of Jas. Howard, of Reddington, Pa., killed on the Lehigh Valley railroad, to-day rendered a verdict in accordance with the facts. The deceased was a single man, and will be buried in the Catholic cemetery in South Bethlehem at noon on Friday.

LOUISIANA.

New Orleans, March 21.

A fearful tornado passad over the parish of Sejame, at about 12 o'clock yesterday. The sugar house of Mr. Florent Fortier, together with the outbuildings attached, was destroyed by the force of the blow, and two ladies who happened to be in the premises, were enveloped in the wreck. After great exertions the unfortunate ladies, whose names we failed to learn, were extricated from the ruins, much less dangerously injured than was at first apprehended. One lady sustained a fracture of the jaw and the other was severely bruised. The tornado is described as being extremely violent.

MARYLAND.

NOVEL ENCOUNTER.

Baltimore, March 20.

At Annapolis yesterday morning a novel street encounter occurred. The night previous John Mullavell and Mrs. Launar, proprietress of the United States Hotel, had a difficulty, in which, it is stated, Mullavell broke an umbrella over Mrs. Launar's head. Yesterday morning the parties met on Maryland avenue, and when about twenty feet apart Mullavell drew a pistol and fired upon Mrs. Launer, who promptly returned the fire. Neither shot took effect. Mullavell was afterwards arrested and held to appear at court.

WASHINGTON.

SUITS AGAINST THE CREDIT MOBILIER.

Mr. Perry and Mr. Ashton, the counsel selected by the President to institute suits on behalf of the Government against the Pacific Railroad Company, were at the Department of Justice today in consultation with the Attorney General. They have prepared bills, which they will file at once in the United States courts, against the stockholders of the Credit Mobilier Company, to recover the amount due the United States in accordance with the act of Congress. It is the intention of Messrs. Perry and Ashton to push the suits vigorously.

GENERAL APPROPRIATION.

The following is an official exhibit of the amounts called for by the various general appropriation bills passed at the late session of Congress:

Preliminary deficiency...	$1,699,833,82
Texan border commission	18,490 00
Pensions.....	30,480,000 00
American and British Commission.....	613,500 00
Indian.....	5,522,218 90
Fortification.....	1,899,000 00
Consular and Diplomatic.	1,311,359 00
Military Academy.....	344,317 56
Legsilative, Executive and Judicial.....	19,500,000 00
Naval.....	22,275,757 65
Army.....	31,796,008 81
Post-Office.....	32,529,167 00
River and Harbor.....	6,112,900 00
Sundry Civil.....	32,175,415 00
Deficiency.....	9,242,871 65
Total.....	$195,510,839 48

The above is exclusive of the large amount appropriated to pay the awards of the Southern Claims Commission, and a large number relief bills.

The various general appropriation bills passed at the second session of the Forty-Second Congress aggregated $141,482,703,58, showing an increase of $54,028,085 90 over the preceding year. The various relief and miscellaneous appropriations made by the late Congress will further increase this difference perhaps over five millions.

——Below we publish the Trial List for April Term, 1873.

FOR EIRST WEEK—COMMENCING, APRIL 28.

Adam Grenoble *vs.* M. D. Gray.
Welch & Allen *vs.* J. J. Nestlerode.
same *vs.* Saylor, Day *et. al.*
George A. Bayard *vs.* D. G. Bush.
A. T. Bisell *vs.* John Ardell.
P. B. Wilson *vs.* H. R. Smith.
Samuel Huston *vs.* J. & R Gilliland *et. al.*
Mumford, Reeves & Co., *vs.* same.
D. E. Brubaker, use of *vs.* Elijah Blowers.
D. C. Keller *vs.* S. H. Stover.
Isaac Hill *vs.* J. S. Reed & Co.
J. & G. Frazier vs. Hale & Co.
William Thomspon *vs.* P. Gray Meek.
Packer & Packer *vs.* Man & Confer.
Henry Rothrock, Jr., *vs.* Godfrey Fisher.
Bottinger & McQuiston *vs.* J. C. Williams.
George W. Stover *vs.* J. B. Crider.
Joseph Devling, use of, *vs.* J. Nestlerode.
same *vs.* Parsons & Bush.
James H. Ebbs vs. Henry Stephens.
same vs. George Gates.

SECOND WEEK—COMMENCING MAY 5.

Hand-in-Hand Life Insurance Co., vs. Gotlieb Haag.
George Durst vs. Solt & Wasson.
E. H. Strohecker vs. Bierly & Kreamer.
George Hager vs. Lingle & Co.
M. Ulrich vs R. G. Brett.
Hahn, Wilson & Co., use of, vs. Samuel Tree.
Norwood Coal and Lumber Co., vs. Robinson & Worsley.
W. L. Wilson *et. al.* vs. John & S. H. Thompson.
Peter Yonada vs. Mary Hoy's Administrators.
James W. Campbell vs. Henry McCracken.
Amelia Royer vs. John W. Sholl
Zimmerman Bro's & Co., vs Simeon Haupt.
J. P. Harris vs. Bradly Chinos *et. al.*
W. H. Harter vs. S. Ettinger.
same vs. R. & N. Stover.
James McHenry vs. Wm. Young *et. al.*
J. P. & B. C Packer vs. P. B Cryder & Confer.
S. McCrickert & Co., vs. Charles Brown.
Thomas McElvany vs. George Kreps.
Thomas McGovern vs. Vandyke, Moore & Co.
Cyrus Wasson vs. J. C. Decker *et. al.*
Charles Dongan vs. Robert McKnight.
J. & J. Yerten vs. D. Tressler.
John McDermott vs. James McManus.
William B. Evans vs. S. Lenzel.
Gephart & Furst vs. W. L. Musser.
Battles & Webster vs. J. S. Fink.
Maria Hughman vs. D. F. Shaffer.
D. McCloskey vs. Joseph Devling.
J. Bratzman vs. J. W. Scott & Co.
Daniel Hoover vs. Isaac Haupt.
Andrew Walker vs. Jacob Meese.
Amanda C. Bair vs. Emma C. Kreamer.
same vs. C. Lenzel.
J. K. Bowman vs. Charles McCafferty.

——Those parties who find the aroma of fine cigars too much for their olfactory nerves, under the rule of reciprocity, should take some disenfectant for their own disorganized stomachs. It would be a *safeguard* in both ways.

Centaur Liniment.

There is no pain which the Centaur Liniment will not relieve, no swelling it will not subdue, and no lameness which it will not cure. This is strong language, but it is true. Where the parts are not gone, its effects are marvelous. It has produced more cures of rheumatism, neuralgia, lock-jaw, palsy, sprains, swellings, caked-breasts, scalds, burns, salt-rheum, earache, &c., upon the human frame, and of strains spavin, galls, &c., upon animals in one year than have all other pretended remedies since the world began. It is a counter-irritant, an all-healing pain reliever. Cripples throw away their crutches, the lame walk, poisonous bites are rendered harmless, and the wounded are healed without a scar. It is no humbug. The recipe is published around each bottle. It is selling as no article ever before sold, and it sells because it does just what it pretends to do. Those who now suffer from rheumatism, pain or swelling, deserve to suffer if they will not use Centaur Liniment. More than 1000 certificates of remarkable cures, including frozen limbs, chronic rheumatism, gout, running tumors, &c., have been received. We will send a circular containing certificates, the recipe, &c., gratis, to any one requesting it. One bottle of the yellow wrapper Centaur Liniment is worth one hundred dollars for spavined or sweenied horses and mules, or for screw-worm in sheep. Stock-owners—this liniment is worth your attention. No family should be without Centaur Liniment. Price, 50c. a bottle, large bottles $1. 00. J. B. Rose & Co., 52 Broadway, New York.

Castoria is more than a substitute for Castor Oil. It is the only *safe* article in existence which is certain to assimilate the food, regulate the bowels, cure wind-colic and produce natural sleep. It contains neither minerals, morphine or alcohol, and is pleasant to take. Children need not cry and mothers may rest.

New Advertisements.

RETAIL PRICE LIST.

JOBBING AND COMMISSION HOUSE OF

BURNSIDE & THOMAS,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

White Sugars per pound	13 cts
Brown Sugars per pound	10 cts
Demarara Sugar per pound	13 cts
Rio Coffee	25 cts
Arbuckles' brown coffee per pound	19 cts
Best Washing Soaps per pound	6, 7 and 8 cts
Best Starch per pound,	10 cts
Best Bright Navy Tobacco per pound	64 cts
Garret's Scotch Snuff per box	16 cts
Twist Tobacco and Cavendish per pound	60 cts
Best Sugar-cured Hams per pound	15 cts
No. 1 Black Pepper per pound	30 cts
Molasses per gallon	60 cts

Mackerel without heads, and all kind of Mackerel and Herring at city prices.

Double X X White Drips 80 cents per gallon in 5 gallon lots 5 cents a gallon less.

1000 other articles too numerous to mention, cheap. Mens' stogies, heavy shoes, at $1,35 per pair. They have the largest and cheapest stock of goods ever offered to the public. If you want

TO SAVE **20** to **50** PER CENT.

GO TO BURNSIDE & THOMAS'.

All kinds of merchandise in whole pachages at less prices. v5n10-tf.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—The undersigned, an Auditor appointed by the Orphans Court of Centre county to hear and determine the exceptions filed to the account of Thomas Weston, Executor of Christian Vanpool, deceased, and make distribution of the balance among the parties legally entitled thereto, will attend to the duties of his appointment on Friday the 18th day of April 1873, at his office in the Borough of Bellefonte at 10 o'clock, when and where all persons interested are required to present their claims or be debarred from coming in for a share of said fund.

E. M. BLANCHARD,
10-3t Auditor.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE

BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

WILL REMOVE

ON OR ABOUT APRIL FIRST, 1873,

TO THE

BUSH HOUSE!

Owing to the rapidly increasing business of this establishment under the management of Messrs. E. T. & R. P. Tuten, they have found it necessary to remove to larger and more commodious quarters.

They have leased the room recently occupied by the "BELLEFONTE PRESS CO.," and a vacant room adjoining, for a term of 10 YEARS, which they will fit up for the neat and rapid execution of

JOB WORK

of every description at

LOWEST CASH PRICES!

Their stock of POSTER, as well as SMALL and FANCY TYPES, is

UNEQUALED IN CENTRE COUNTY

and all orders will receive their

PROMPT AND CAREFUL ATTENTION.

THE

BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

IS THE ONLY

Recognized ORGAN

OF THE REPUBLICAN PARTY IN CENTRE COUNTY.

ITS CIRCULATION IS RAPIDLY INCREASING.

IT IS ALWAYS OUT ON TIME.

IT CONTAINS ALL THE LOCAL AND GENERAL NEWS.

IT IS THE BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM IN CENTRE COUNTY.

No pains will be spared by the management of "THE BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN," to make it the most interesting and valuable paper in Central Pennsylvania. Special attention is given to the Local Department, and with the assistance of an efficient corps of Reporters, no matter of interest in Centre county will escape our notice.

Terms - - $2,00 Per Annum.

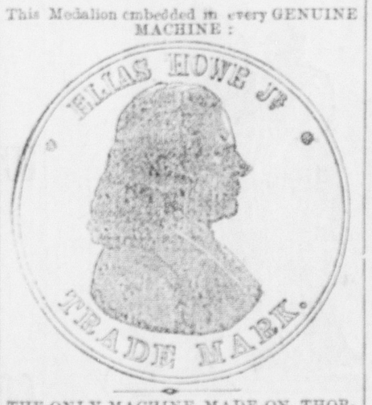
E. T. & R. P. TUTEN.

THE NEW IMPROVED

ELIAS HOWE Sewing Machine 750

MANUFACTURED AND SOLD DAILY!

This Medalion embedded in every GENUINE MACHINE:



THE ONLY MACHINE MADE ON THOROUGHLY SCIENTIFIC PRINCIPLES

It is Strength, Simplicity & Durability Combined!

IS LIGHT, GRACEFUL and RAPID,

and is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction in every branch of work. Will sew light, glazed or heavy goods, or LEATHER, equally well, and make the beautiful HOWE STITCH on all.

IT NEVER HAS FITS!

but is always a ready and willing servant. It never oils the work, and will cross the heaviest seams or fills without ever breaking thread or needle, and requires no soap to make it feed. It has no COG WHEELS to break or rattle, but runs with the perfect

CAM MOVEMENT!

The new improved HEMMER, FELLER, BRAIDER, QUILTER and GUIDE; Also, OILER, BOTTLE OIL, Doz. NEEDLES, BOBBINS, &c., go with each Machine free of charge.

CITIZENS, Look to your INTERESTS

Do not fail to see

Our MACHINE

before purchasing.

There will be no danger then of your wasting your money or loosing your temper over some of the ill-contrived, unservicable instruments of torture that a few itinerant patent right venders are attempting to palm off on the citizens of Centre county for SEWING MACHINES.

FOR THE

NEW HOWE,

CALL ON

PALMER & WOOSTER,

Office opposite the Court House, Bellefonte.

ORDERS BY MAIL WILL RECEIVE PROMPT ATTENTION. 5-9-6m.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

PROSPECTUS OF THE REPUBLIC

Believing that the inestimable privileges of self government guaranteed by the Federal Constitution involve corresponding duties, and that among these are sleepless vigilance and the devotion of the best thoughts and efforts of the citizen in aid of the preservation and development of our country and its institutions, we have determined, in furtherance of these objects, to establish a monthly magazine devoted to the discussion of the science of government and to a review of political events.

Assuming that the legitimate object of good government is provision for the welfare and happiness of the citizen, his physical comfort, educational growth, and moral development, THE REPUBLIC will bring to this test all economic questions, political action, and governmental measures.

Holding firmly that in a republic, constituted as ours is, political parties are essential, and that they furnish the best, not to say the only means of that constant and severe scrutiny to which power should be always subjected, THE REPUBLIC will insist that the country is not only safe, but safest with its destiny in the keeping of the Republican party; that measures of reform and progress must be carried forward through its instrumentality, and that its permanent ascendancy should be maintained so long as it responds to the demands of enlightened and progressive public opinion.

THE REPUBLIC will avoid unwarranted censure of opponents as well as indiscriminate praise of friends—aiming at that degree of independence and candor which concede justice to both. It will not waste words, influence, or power by purely negative criticisms, but will endeavor to promote correct action by affirmatively and plainly showing the better way. True, this line of criticism involves thought, care, investigation—with the exercise of an impartial judgment; but history has conclusively demonstrated that by these means the cause of truth and good government can be best advanced.

THE REPUBLIC will furnish a brief and accurate record of events of political and general interest, as—

The proceedings of Congress.

The decisions and action of the Executive Departments.

The action of States and of political bodies of national import.

The progress of material and educational development.

Decisions of the judiciary of political or financial importance and of general application.

The publication being monthly, the record will be made up after the events have transpired, and will make, at the close of the year, a volume of accurate and valuable information in convenient form for preservation and reference.

Among the topics claiming discussion will be—

The relative power and jurisdiction of the Federal and State Governments; the expansion of territory, revenue, finance, education, industrial schools, postal telegraph, postal savings banks, railway and canal transportation, life and fire insurance, river and harbor improvements, the public health, reforms in the public service, and the establishment of equal civil and political rights. On these and kindred subjects THE REPUBLIC will aim to convey reliable information, excite thought, and induce action.

The writers for THE REPUBLIC have been selected from among those whose sagacity, judgment, and energy were thoroughly tested in the recent political contest; and their names are withheld now, as then, for the sole reason that they prefer success through reason, argument, and the merit of their productions.

Moved by these considerations, and subordinating the question of remuneration entirely, we appeal with confidence to those who, during the recent campaign, responded so liberally in money, time, and effort, to aid in the introduction of THE REPUBLIC The Magazine will be furnished at as near cost price as practicable, and will be enlarged whenever the patronage received will justify increased expenditure.

THE REPUBLIC will be published monthly, on superior paper, in clear type, and will contain not less than forty-eight pages of reading matter, exclusive of advertisements.

TERMS.

Two dollars per year, in advance.

Single copies, twenty-five cents.

Clubs of five, remitting ten dollars, will be entitled to six copies.

Remittance should be made by money-orders, drafts, or registered letters.

Specimen copies will be sent, postage paid, to any person enclosing ten cents.

Letters may be addressed to The Republic Publishing Company, or to Hon. J. M. Edmunds, Secretary of the Union Republican Congressional Committee, Washington, D. C.

THE REPUBLIC PUBLISHING COMPANY,
Washington, D. C.

Rooms Union Republican Congressional Committee,
Washington, D. C., Feb. 4, 1873.

The undersigned is well acquainted with the gentlemen who have undertaken the publication of THE REPUBLIC, and has entire confidence in their devotion to Republican principles and in their ability to successfully accomplish the important work they have undertaken.

The enterprise is earnestly recommended as worthy of the active and liberal support of Republicans throughout the country.

J. M. Edmunds, Secretary.

Medical.

J. ZELLER & SON,

DRUGGISTS AND APOTHECARIES.

NO. 6 BROCKERHOFF ROW

BELLEFONTE, PENNA.,

Prescriptions carefully prepared at all hours of the night or day. 5-1-y

DR. TIPPLE

OF BELLEFONTE

Treats all Cancers which do not involve internal organs under a guaranantee. Empahatically no cure no pay. v5-n7-1y

DR. TIPPLE'S Pile Specific is guaranteed to care every case of Piles or money refunded. Sold by ZELLER & SON, v5n07-1y Allegheny St., Bellefonte.

ESTABLISHED 1853. ESTABLISHED 1853.

F. P. GREEN,

DRUGGIST,

BUSH HOUSE BUILDING, BELLEFONTE,

Keeps constantly on hand, or orders on short notice, a full assortment of everything usually kept in a first-class Drug Store. Particular attention given to preparing Physicians prescriptions, and family recipes. v5n7-1y.

WE HAVE THE

BEST FACILITIES

FOR PRINTING

Sale Bills

IN CENTRE COUNTY.

Orders by Mail Carefully Executed

Parties living at a distance can order by mail being careful to state all particulars, day and hour of sale, and principal articles they desire mentioned, also size and number of Bills, and feel assured their orders will be carefully executed and forwarded immediately by mail or express. Address all orders to

ROBERT P. TUTEN.
Publisher of Bellefonte Republican

FOREIGN.

THE SITUATION IN SPAIN.

THE INSURGENTS DEMORALIZED.

ARREST OF AMERICANS IN LONDON.

A ROYAL EDICT.

LONDON, March 18.—Despatches from Teheron dated March 15th, have been received. The official gazette of that date publishes a Royal Edict by the Thah ordering the reconstruction of the Ministry on the basis and model of the Cabinets of Europe. The Ministry as reconstructed will consist of a premier and nine members.

THREE AMERICANS ARRESTED.

Three shabbily dressed men, who from their accent are believed to be Americans, were arrested in Cork this morning while attempting to deposit $12,000 in a bank in that city. They are supposed to be the parties who recently committed the frauds on the bank of England.

THE SITUATION IN SPAIN.

MADRID, March 18.—Despatches received here to-day confirm those previously received announcing the victory obtained by General Norvillies commanding the Army of the North over a large Carlist force near Madrid. This defeat proves to have been one of the most severe checks the Carlists have yet encountered, and has had the effect of demoralizing the insurgents in that section. The Government troops pressed the insurgents so hard that all organization was abandoned and the ranks broke up in precipitate retreat. Numbers sought refuge in the mountains, while a large proportion made direct for the frontier, probably intending to escape to France or Switzerland.

VISIT TO THE HOLY SEE.

ROME, March 18.—His Holiness the Pope on Monday received a deputation of one hundred Canadians lately pontifical officers, who expressed there sincere desire for his welfare. They were cordially welcomed by His Holiness, and received his assurances of affectionate regard for their good wishes.

INCREASE IN REVENUE.

PARIS, March 18.—Revenue derived by the Government from indirect taxes during the months of January and February, was 5,500,000 francs in excess of the estimate.

IN A HEALTHY CONDITION.

VERSAILLES, March 18.—The annual budget was presented in the National Assembly yesterday by M. Leon Say, Minister of Finance. It shows a most gratifying condition of the finances. There is in the Treasury half of the sum due to Germany, and no loan will be required to complete the payments of the war indemnity, at the dates designated in the convention, signed on Saturday last by M. Thiers and Count Von Arnim, the German Ambassador.

GREAT BRITAIN.

PARTICULARS OF THE WOLVERHAMPTON RIOTS.

LONDON, March 20.

The riot in Wolverhampton the day before yesterday was between the Englishmen and the Irishmen employed in the coal mines in the vicinity of that town. The trouble had been brewing for some days, and culminated on Tuesday in an open conflict.

The authorities have arrested over a hundred of the men who participated in the riot. A despatch from the scene of disturbance this morning says there are indications of a renewal of hostilities.

The English miners threaten to strike unless the Irish employees are discharged. The shopkeepers of Wolverhampton, apprehending rioting and depredations, are closing their places of business, and there is much alarm among the citizens.

GLADSTONE AGAIN AT THE HEAD OF AFFAIRS.

In the House of Commons this afternoon, which was crowded to suffocation, Mr. Gladstone announced that the opposition having declined to form a new government, he and his colleagues would resume office. The announcement was received with cheers.

FRANCE

THE TRIAL OF MARSHAL BAZAINE

PARIS, March 20.

The perliminary inquiry into the case of Marshal Bazaine has been concluded. Nothing has been decided upon touching the manner and place of trial, or the composition of the tribunal before which the case will be heard. The friends of the marshal are now allowed to visit him.

A LITTLE DIFFICULTY WITH SPAIN.

Important correspondence has passed between France and Spain about certain atrocities perpetrated by the Carlist chief, the cure of Santa Cruz. The French Government complained that Santa Cruz and his band had killed four French officials on the Northern Spanish railway and carried four others into the mountains.

Castelar in reply expressed regret at these outrages, but says, however, that most of the Carlists were equipped in France, whence they have since drawn supplies, money and provisions. The cure of Santa Cruz himself sojourned some time in Bayonne before passing into Spain, and was not interfered with.

A number of Carlists wear the uniforms of French Mobiles, and many Frenchmen of high rank are serving with the insurgents. He states in conclusion, that the government is taking all measures to put a stop to these excesses, and recently seized as hostages the mother and sister of the Cure of Santa Cruz.

PARIS, March 21.

The French government has prohibited the exportation of arms into Spain.

New Advertisements.

PROSPECTUS

OF THE

POPULAR JOURNAL OF

Physical And Mental Hygiene

Edited By Thos. H. Helsby, M. D., and Thos. F. Mays, M. D.

This Journal is intended to popularize that department of Medical Science which relates to the preservation of Health and the prevention of Disease. The urgent need of such a periodical is felt by all classes; by none more than the Medical Profession itself.

Its pages will be devoted to upholding the claims of legitimate and rational medicine, by warning the public against the evils and dangers of the misapplication of medicinal agents, and the bold pretensions of empirics, charlatans and quacks.

It will be the constant effort of the editors to teach the community that the proper sphere of domestic and nursery effort should be, to use all the resources of Hygiene and Sanitary Science to prevent disease, but when a case of real sickness occurs, no time should be lost in seeking professional advice.

It will be the special endeavor of this Journal to point out the ethical relations between Physician and Patient, that the public may be educated to a higher appreciation of professional services, and to juster views of the powers and true mission of medical science.

It will contain original and selected articles upon the regulations of all the physical agents necessary to health, such as the influence of Air, and its relations to respiration, including ventilation; Food, its adaptation to the varying conditions of age, habits of life, and climate, with its adulteration; Exercise, as affecting the muscles, sense and brain; Physical Education, as bearing upon the health of children; Personal and General Cleanliness, and the Use of Baths; Clothing, its physiological uses, and as a cause of disease under the absurd dictates of fashion. Special attention will also be given to Medical Police, as the modifying influence of climate and sanitary legislation; Drainage, Water Supply, and the Location and Surroundings of Buildings; the Influence of various Trades and Professions upon Physical and Mental Health; the Relation of Mind and Body, and the Influence of Education upon Health.

All these varied topics will be discussed in a plain and practical manner, divested of all professional technicalities, and with the aid of all data afforded the most recent researches in sanitary science.

It is believed that such a Journal will be found a valuable auxiliary to the intelligent and conscientious physician in his efforts to overcome that gross ignorance in relation to matters pertaining to medicine, which is too often the greatest barrier to his success; therefore we invoke the aid of the profession in bringing this periodical before the public, for whose benefit it is mainly intended.

COURT PROCLAMATION.

Whereas the Hon. Charles A. Mayer, President of the court of Common Pleas, in the 25th Judicial District, consisting of the counties of Centre, Clinton and Clearfield, and the Honorable W W Love and the Honorable Henry Dopp, Associate Judges in Centre county, having issued their precept, bearing date the 24th day of Mar., A. D., 1873, to me directed for holding a court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and Quarter Sessions of the Peace in Bellefonte, for the county of Centre, and to commence on the 4th Monday of Jan. next being the 27th day of April 1873, and to continue two weeks.

Notice is therefore hereby given to the Coroner, Justice of the Peace, Aldermen and Constables of the said county of Centre, that they be then and there in their proper persons, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, with their records, inquisitions, examinations, and their own remembrances, to do those things which to their office appertains to be done, and those who are bound in recognizances to prosecute against the prisoners that are or shall be in the Jail of Centre county, be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

Given under my hand, at Bellefonte, the 24th day of Mar. in the year of our Lord, 1873, and in the ninety-fourth year of the Independence of the United States.

B. F. SHAFER, Sheriff.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK of Bellefonte, at Bellefonte, in the State of Pennsylvania, at the close of business, Feb. 28th, 1873.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts	$364,071 75
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	100,000 00
Other Stocks, Bonds and Mortgages	30,900 00
Due from redeem'g and reserve agts.	46,160 51
" " National Banks	2,112 28
" " other Banks and Bankers	28,801 99
Banking House	10,054 40
Furniture and Fixtures	850 00
Current Expenses	145 65
Taxes paid	1,674 44
Premiums paid	134 96
Cash Items	5,876 47
Bills of other National Banks	229 00
Fractional Currency (includ'g Nickel)	352 61
Legal Tender Notes	24,704 00
	$617,108 06

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock paid in	$100,000 00
Surplus fund	37,000 00
Exchange	498 65
Interest	5,376 15
Profit and Loss	933 47
National Bank Circulation Outstand'g	87,560 00
Individual Deposits	344,475 27
Cashier's checks outstanding	2,142 00
Due to National Banks	38,564 22
" Other Banks and Bankers	628 20
	$617,108 06

STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA, County of Centre SS:

I, John P. Harris, Cashier of the First National Bank of Bellefonte, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief,

JOHN P. HARRIS, Cashier.

Sworn and subscribed to before me, this 10th day of Mar., 1873.

ROLAND C. CHEESMAN, N. P

Correct Attest;

E. C. HUMES,
JAS. A PEAVER,
ADAM HOY,
} DIRECTORS.

v5n8-3t.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—In the matter of the Estate of John C. Rhem, late of Spring Township, deceased, in the Orphans Court of Centre County.

The Auditor appointed by the Orphans Court of said County to hear, determine and report upon the exceptions filed to the return of sale in the above Estate, will attend to the duties of his appointment, at his office in Bellefonte, on Thursday the tenth day of April, A. D. 1873, at ten o'clock A. M. of said day, when and where all persons interested can attend if they see proper.

D. F. FORTNEY, Auditor.

8-4t

Philadelphia Advertisements.

W. F. WARBURTON,

Fashionable Hatter,

430 CHESTNUT STREET, BELOW FIFTH

PHILADELPHIA.

v4n21-1y

EAGLE HOTEL.

R. D. CUMMINGS, Prop'r.

M. M. SWARR, Sup't.

227 North Third Street

PHILADELPHIA.

The rates at the "Eagle" have been reduced the very moderate sum of $2.25 per day.

4-19-1y.

Tin and Sheet-Iron Ware.

IF YOU WANT TO BUY THE

BEST AND CHEAPEST

COOK STOVE,
COOK STOVE,
PARLOR STOVE,
PARLOR STOVE,
SHEET IRON WARE,
SHEET IRON WARE,
TIN WARE, &C.,
TIN WARE, &C.,

TO BE FOUND IN BELLEFONTE,

CALL ON

WETSLER & TWITMIRE,

CORNER DUNLAP AND HIGH STREETS,

(opposite the Bush House,)

v5n4-1y-c-e-3m BELLEFONTE, PA.

Lumber etc.

W. V HUGHES.

(Successor to Holmes & Company,)

BELLEFONTE

PLANING MILL,

Manufactures and keep always on hand

White & Yellow Pine Flooring,

Weatherboarding, of various styles,

Sash,
Blinds,
Doors,
Moulding,
Brackets,
Scroll Sawing of every description

nd Brackets of all sizes made to order.

Having a

BUCKLEY'S PATENT LUMBER DRYER

Connected with our establishment, we are enabled to manufacture our work from

THOROUGHLY SEASONED LUMBER.

Orders from

Contractors,
Builders,
Dealers,

and the trade generally solicited.

W. V HUGHES,

v2n12-1y. Bellefonte Centre Co., Pa.

Hardware.

HARDWARE

NO. 5 BROCKERHOFF ROW

J. & J. HARRIS,

SELL AT THE LOWEST PRICES

All sorts of

Forks,
Chains,
Shovels,
Axes,
Grindstones,
Coal Oil Lamps,
Paints,
Oils,
Varnishes,
&c.

We hope by

STRICT ATTENTION TO BUSINESS

to merit and receive a share of public patronage.

BUILDERS AND OTHERS

will find it to their advantage to call and examine our stock.

J. & J. HARRIS,

v5n2-1y No. 5 Brockerhoff Row.

TEA, COFFEE, HAMS, &c

MITCHELL & FLETCHER,

GROCERS,

12th and Chestnut Sts., Philadelphia,

Invite special attention to their stock of

EXTRA CANNED PEACHES

and all kinds of

PRESERVED FRUIT,
CANNED CORN AND TOMATOES,
FREECH PEAS, BEANS,
MUSHROOMS, &c.,

ENGLISH, FRENCH AND AMERICAN CHEESE.

ORANGES, LEMONS, RAISENS, FIGS, &c.,

ALMONDS, WALNUTS, &c.,
PICKLES, SAUCES, OLIVE OIL, &c.,

DRIED BEEF,

BUFFALO AND BEEF TONGUES,

EXTRA FINE CHOCOLATE and every kind of Choice Delicacies for the Table.

☞ GOODS PACKED CAREFULLY AND SHIPPED PROMPTLY. 5-9-3m.

DUPONT'S GUNPOWDER

All kinds Mining, Blasting and Sporting Powder in Metalic kegs, for sale in lots to suit the purchasers, from our Magazines at Mill prices. This well known Powder has been manufactured for over 70 years, and is sold at same prices as other Brands. Also every variety Dry and water *Safety Fuse*.

D. W. C. BIDWELL & Co., Gen'l Agts., 7-4t Pittsburgh, Pa.

Emil Joseph and Bro. — DRY GOODS.

HURRAH!

CLOTHING!

CLOTHING!

CLOTHING!

The undersigned desiring to dispose of their entire stock of Clothing, in order to make room for a large envoice of FANCY GOODS, are offering it

AT COST PRICES!

Their determination is to quit the CLOTHING BUSINESS, and keep a first class

FANCY, DRY GOOD AND JEWELRY STORE!

They have just received the largest and best

STOCK OF FALL AND WINTER GOODS

ever brought to this town, and are, therefore, prepared to hold out

SUPERIOR INDUCEMENTS

to their old customers and to the public generally. We will

NOT BE UNDERSOLD NOR SURPASSED

IN THE

QUALITY of our GOODS

or in our accommodations to those who favor us with a call. Come in, whether you purchase or not. We sell

FOUR HANDKERCHIEFS FOR ONLY 25 CTS. GOOD SPOOL COTTON, 200 YARDS 50 CENTS PER DOZEN. CALICOES FROM TEN TO TWELVE CENTS. A FULL SUIT OF GOOD CLOTHES FOR $8.50. A BEAUTIFUL LINE OF DRESS GOODS SUCH AS

MERINOS, POPLINS AND SILKS

of the best quality, and very low. An endless variety of LADIES RIBBONS.

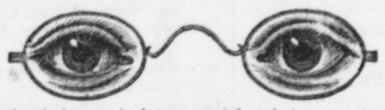
Also, WATCHES and JEWELRY,

The largest assortment in town. Particular attention will be paid to

REPAIRING WATCHES,

and all work warranted. They also deal extensively in the

PEBBLE GLASS SPECTACLE



This glass is cut out of stone, is clear as crystal, and always cool and soothing to the eyes. These GLASSES can be purchased at no other establishment in this county.

We have the Agency for the celebrated and world-wide known,

MASON & HAMLIN Parlor ORGANS.

A large number kept constantly on and sold at Manufactures prices.

For bargains and the value of your money, call on us before purchasing elsewhere. Don't forget the place, opposite Wilson & Hicks' Hardware Store.

39-6m. E. JOSEPH & BRO.

CLARK & BIDDLE, No. 1124 CHESTNUT St. ROBBINS'

CALL SPECIAL ATTENTION

To their Immense Stock of

Foreign and American Watches,
DIAMONDS, JEWELRY,
Silver and Silver-Plated Ware,
Clocks, Bronzes and Fancy Goods

Forming an ELEGANT ASSORTMENT in every DEPARTMENT.

Low Prices.

v5n9-1y

1873 SPRING 1873

DRY GOODS.

EYRE & LANDELL,

FOURTH AND ARCH STREETS, PHILADELPHIA,

ARE DAILY OPENING CHOICE NEW

SPRING DRY GOODS,
SILKS OF BYSON TINTS,
NEW PAISLEY SHAWLS,
PLAIN FRIENDLY SHAWLS,
FOULARD'S LARGE SPOT,

SPRING DRY GOODS,
NEW COLORS STRIPE SILKS,
DARK AFFECTS FINE SHAWLS,
NEW DRESS GOODS OPEN,
FRENCH FOTLARD CHINTZES,

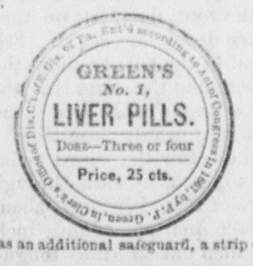
FINE STOCK OF TABLE LINENS, NAPKINS AND NEW HOUSEHOLD GOODS.

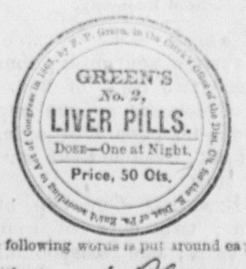
N. B.—LYON'S BLACK SILKS—*Warranted Durable* 10:5t

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS!

HAVING, for many years, been engaged in the manufacture of proprietary medicines known as **GREEN'S No. 1 and NO. 2 LIVER PILLS,** the merits of which have obtained for them a large sale. Other parties wishing to take advantage of the reputation these pills have gained, are trying to palm off upon the public an imitation of the same. In order that there may be no deception, we request attention to the following:

☞ **ALL GENUINE Green's Liver Pills** are put up in **ROUND** boxes, not oval, with the following **Copyrigt** label, any intringement of which will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law.





And as an additional safeguard, a strip containing the following words is put around each box:

☞ Prepared only by F. P. GREEN, Bellefonte, Pa., without whose signature none is genuine.

F. P. Green

☞ ALL OTHERS ARE COUNTERFIET. ☜

Examine each box and see that it corresponds with the above description, and that the name is spelled correctly, thus: G-R-E-E-N, and *not* G-r-e-e-n-e.

Sold WHOLESALE and RETAIL in Bellefonte, only at my Drug Store, in Bush House Block, and by R. F. Rankin & Co., Allegheny, street Forwarded by mail to any part of the United States on receipt of price.

☞ All orders must be directed to F. POTTS GREEN, Bellefonte, Pa. v5n10-tf

JAS. P. ODENKIRK,

WITH

ARTMAN, DILLINGER & COMPANY

No. 47, NORTH THIRD ST., PHIL'A.,

Two doors above Arch, formerly 226,

MANUFACTURERS AND JOBBERS IN Carpets, Oil Cloths, Oil Shades, Wick Yarn, Cotton Yarns, Carpet Chains, Grain Bags, Window Paper, Batting, &c. Also, WOODEN AND WILLOW WARE, Brooms, Brushes, Looking Glasses, &c. v1n29-tf.

☞ A complete file of the BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN may always be found at the offices of GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., Advertising Agents, 40 and 41 Park Row, New York, who are authorized to represent us in that city.

NOTICE—

Wm. C. Runkle, vs. Mary Runkle, } In the Court of Common Pleas of Centre county. No 168 November Term 1872, Divorce *A Vinculo Matrimonii*.

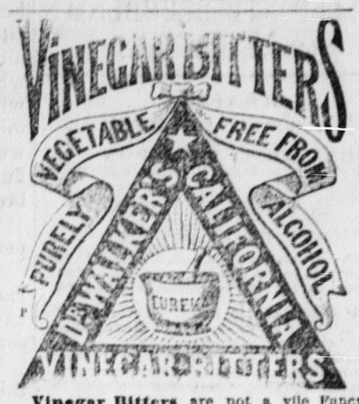
The undersigned, a Commissioner appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Centre county to take testimony in the above stated case will attend to the duties of his appointment on Thursday the 17th day of April, 1873 at 10 o'clock A. M. at his office in the Borough of Bellefonte, when and where all persons interested may attend.

E. M. BLANCHARD, Commissioner.

10-3t

$10 made from 50 cts. Call and examine or 12 Samples sent (postage free) for 50 cts. that retail quick for $10. R. L. WOLCOTT, 181 Chatham Square, N. Y. 28-4t

MEDICAL.



Vinegar Bitters are not a vile Fancy Drink, made of Poor Rum, Whiskey, Proof Spirits and Refuse Liquors, doctored, spiced, and sweetened to please the taste, called "Tonics," "Appetizers," "Restorers," &c., that lead the tippler on to drunkenness and ruin, but are a true Medicine, made from the native roots and herbs of California, free from all Alcoholic Stimulants. They are the Great Blood Purifier and a Life-giving Principle, a Perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the System, carrying off all poisonous matter and restoring the blood to a healthy condition, enriching it, refreshing and invigorating both mind and body. They are easy of administration, prompt in their action, certain in their results, safe and reliable in all forms of disease.

No Person can take these Bitters according to directions, and remain longun well, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and the vital organs wasted beyond the point of repair.

Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the regions of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offsprings of Dyspepsia. In these complaints it has no equal, and one bottle will prove a better guarantee of its merits than a lengthy advertisement.

For Female Complaints, in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood, or the turn of life, these Tonic Bitters display so decided an influence that a marked improvement is soon perceptible.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism and Gout, Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, these Bitters have been most successful. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood, which is generally produced by derangement of the Digestive Organs.

They are a Gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, possessing also the peculiar merit of acting as a powerful agent in relieving Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver and Visceral Organs and in Bilious Diseases.

For Skin Diseases, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-worms, Scald-Head, Sore Eyes Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin, of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters. One bottle in such cases will convince the most incredulous of their curative effects.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions, or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul; your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure, and the health of the system will follow.

Grateful Thousands proclaim VINEGAR BITTERS the most wonderful Invigorant that ever sustained the sinking system.

Pin, Tape, and other Worms, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. Says a distinguished physiologist: There is scarcely an individual on the face of the earth whose body is exempt from the presence of worms. It is not upon the healthy elements of the body that worms exist, but upon the diseased humors and slimy deposits that breed these living monsters of disease. No system of medicine, no vermifuges, no anthelmintics, will free the system from worms like these Bitters.

Mechanical Diseases.—Persons engaged in Paints and Minerals, such as Plumbers, Typesetters, Gold-beaters, and Miners, as they advance in life, are subject to paralysis of the Bowels. To guard against this, take a dose of WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS twice a week.

Bilious, Remittent, and Intermittent Fevers, which are so prevalent in the valleys of our great rivers throughout the United States, especially those of the Mississippi, Ohio, Missouri, Illinois, Tennessee, Cumberland, Arkansas, Red, Colorado, Brazos, Rio Grande, Pearl, Alabama, Mobile, Savannah, Roanoke, James, and many others, with their vast tributaries, throughout our entire country during the Summer and Autumn, and remarkably so during seasons of unusual heat and dryness, are invariably accompanied by extensive derangements of the stomach and liver, and other abdominal viscera. In their treatment, a purgative, exerting a powerful influence upon these various organs, is essentially necessary. There is no cathartic for the purpose equal to DR. J. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS, as they will speedily remove the dark-colored viscid matter with which the bowels are loaded, at the same time stimulating the secretions of the liver, and generally restoring the healthy functions of the digestive organs.

Scrofula, or King's Evil, White Swellings, Ulcers, Erysipelas, Swelled neck, Goitre, Scrofulous Inflammations, Indolent Inflammations, Mercurial Affections, Old Sores, Eruptions of the Skin, Sore Eyes, etc., etc. In these as in all other constitutional Diseases, WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS have shown their great curative powers in the most obstinate and intractable cases.

Dr. Walker's California Vinegar Bitters act on all these cases in a similar manner. By purifying the Blood they remove the cause, and by resolving away the effects of the inflammation (the tubercular deposits) the affected parts receive health, and a permanent cure is effected.

The properties of DR. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS are Aperient, Diaphoretic, Carminative, Nutritious, Laxative, Diuretic, Sedative, Counter-Irritant, Sudorific, Alterative, and Anti-Bilious.

The Aperient and mild Laxative properties of DR. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS are the best safe-guard in cases of eruptions and malignant fevers, their balsamic, healing, and soothing properties protect the humors of the fauces. Their Sedative properties allay pain in the nervous system, stomach, and bowels, either from inflammation, wind, colic, cramps, etc.

Fortify the body against disease by purifying all its fluids with VINEGAR BITTERS. No epidemic can take hold of a system thus fore-armed.

Directions.—Take of the Bitters on going to bed at night from a half to one and one-half wine-glassfull. Eat good nourishing food, such as beef-steak, mutton chop, venison, roast beef, and vegetables, and take out-door exercise. They are composed of purely vegetable ingredients, and contain no spirit.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,

Druggists and Gen. Agts., San Francisco, Cal., & cor. of Washington and Charlton Sts., N.Y.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS & DEALERS.

5-2-3m.

LOGAN FOUNDRY,

NEAR THE RAIL ROAD DEPOT,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

It is with pleasure I inform the people Centre and the adjoining counties, that I am now prepared to make

HOUSE CASTINGS,

such as Sash Weights, Cellar Window Grates, &c., of all sizes.

Grist & Sawmill Castings. Sled Soles of all kinds, Plows, Plow Shares. I also manufacture the

IMPROVED WORTZ PLOW.

Also, Egg Stoves, Stove Castings, Oven Doors and Grates, Coal Grates for Pavements, Water Pipes, Wagon Boxes, together with every

VARIETY OF CASTINGS,

kept constantly on hand, or made to order. All orders filled promptly. Give me a call. Don't forget the place, near the Railroad Depot, Bellefonte.

3n3-1y GEO. A. BLAIR.

BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

BELLEFONTE, PA.

OUR TERMS

FOR SUBSCRIPTION AND ADVERTISING.

The BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN is published every WEDNESDAY MORNING, in Bellefonte Pa., by

E. T. & R. P. TUTEN,

at the following rates:

One year in advance.....$2.00
If not paid within 6 months.....2.50
If not paid for until expiration of year..3.00

It is Republican in politics—devoted to the Agricultural, Manufacturing and Mining interests of Central Pennsylvania.

Papers discontinued to subscribers at the expiration of their terms of subscription, at the option of the publishers, unless otherwise agreed upon.

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cts., per line for each insertion, unless otherwise agreed upon, by the month, quarter year.

Editorial Notices in our local columns, 25 cts., per line for each insertion.

Marriage or Death announcements published free of charge. Obituary notices published free, subject to revision and condensation by the Editors.

Professional or Bussiness Cards, not exceeding 10 lines this type, $8,00 per annum.

Advertisements of 10 lines. or less, $1,00 for one insertion, and 5 cts., per line for each additiona insertion.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3 mos.	6 mos.	1 year
1 inch(12 lin'this type)	$ 5 00	$ 8 00	$12 00
Two inches	7 00	10 00	15 00
Three inches	10 00	15 00	20 00
Four inches	11 00	17 00	25 00
Quarter column	12 00	20 00	35 00
Half column	20 00	35 00	65 00
On column	35 00	65 00	125 00

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

Job Work of every variety, such as Posters, Bill-heads, Letter-heads, Cards, Checks, Envelopes, Paper-books, Programmes, Blanks, &c., &c., executed in the best style with promptness, and at the most reasonable rates.

Address all communications, relating to business, to E. T. & R. P. TUTEN, Proprietors, Bellefonte, Pa

Youth's Department.

GOOD NIGHT.

Good night, dear child, good night,
Sleep in thy little bed,
So soft, so lilly-white,
Beneath thy golden head.
Good night.

Like sunshine on a flower,
Thy tresses stray adown
The pillow in a shower,
And gild thy snowy gown.
Good night.

Feet, restless as the rain,
Your patter dies away
Till morning wakes again,
And calls you out to play.
Good night.

Good night, dear child, good night,
Breathed is thy evening prayer;
Thy watch of angels bright
Comes through the silent air.
Good night.

We yield thee to their care
Until the shadows flee,
Content that they should share
In our felicity.
Good night.

—*Chr. Union.*

Only a Daisy.

A daisy, as every child knows, is a pretty little flower. But in the hands of mischievous persons even daisies may make mischief. This was the case one day with Harry and Edith Forth, and a daisy which grew near their home. It was a pleasant home enough. The rooms were bright and comfortable, and contained everything to be desired. Mr. and Mrs. Forth were fond of their children, and denied them nothing that was likely to give them real pleasure, and do them no harm. They had indeed plenty of toys of all descriptions, and a beautiful lawn and garden upon which they might play whenever they pleased?

"Ought not they to have been happy?"

"I think they ought."

"Were they happy?"

"They were not as happy as they might have been, because Harry was too much inclined to tease, and Edith had a bad temper."

One morning Harry came down stairs with a twinkle in his eyes.

"Is not Edith down, mamma?" he inquired.

"Not yet, Harry."

Immediately he sprang up the steps, and knocked at the door of her room.

"Who is there? What is it?" shouted Edith.

Harry pretended not to hear, and kept on knocking.

"Harry don't! Why you do make so much noise?" cried Edith.

Harry did not reply, but continued to knock, and not content with that he began to call out, "Edith! Edith! wake up! wake up. Edith! breakfast is ready! Edith! Edith!

Edith came to the door and knocked on it too.

"I am coming as soon as I can. Why are you so tiresome, Harry?" she said.

But her words made no impression on Harry.

In despair Edith opened the door.

"It is too bad of you Harry. You see my hair is not finished, so that I cannot come directly, but I will be as quick as I can. Go down again now."

"No, I shall knock on your door until you are ready."

"Then you are the most disagreeable boy in the world," said Edith.

Harry kept up a gentle knocking, and Edith tried to complete her hair-dressing; but she was excited, and the curls would not look nice. This made her angry, and when Harry thumped the door with a little extra force, Edith's temper quite gave way, and she went suddenly to the door and flung half a glass of water over her brother.

"Take that!" she said, "and now perhaps you will go down."

"Yes, I will," said Harry, coolly, "and O! how glad I am that I have not a bad, spiteful temper like some people."

That was how the day began. I think Harry was quite as wrong as Edith. Boys have no right to tease their sisters, although they so often do it. But it was a pity Edith did not try to be amused, and laugh at Harry's efforts to vex her, or at least to bear his teasing patiently.

After breakfast Edith stood at the door watching her brother, when she saw him suddenly run along the grass and stoop to pick up something. He held it in his hand, and looked at it very closely for several seconds, and then he shouted, "Hurrah! Hurrah! I have found a treasure!"

"What is it?" said Edith, running towards him.

"Wait a minute," said Harry, again looking at the object in his hand, but carefully, so as to not let Edith see it.

"Let me look at it, Harry," said Edith.

But Harry ran in to his mother. "Mamma," said he, "will you please give me a box?"

"What sort of a box, Harry?"

"A small one, mamma; I want to keep in it something that I have found."

Mrs. Forth looked in a drawer and soon found a box which Harry said would do. With an air of secrecy and importance, he took the box away to his own room.

Edith followed him. "Harry you might tell me what you have found," said she.

"Don't be curious, Edie," said her brother, "Curiosity is a great failing among girls in general. You must resist the temptation to be curious."

"There is no harm in wanting to know what it is," said Edith. "You are the wrong-doer for you are so unkind that you will not gratify my curiosity"

"It ought not to be gratified," said her brother. "You must learn to control yourself in these matters."

While this conversation was taking place, Harry was carefully folding up the box in white paper, and sealing the packet with sealing-wax. Then he put it into his drawer, which he locked, and the key of which he put into his pocket. Then he deliberately walked down stairs. But Edith's anger had risen again and she went behind her brother, and pushed him. Harry fell down several steps, and his head struck some sharp place.

He was not dangerously hurt but his forehead was cut. When Edith saw the blood she felt exceedingly frightened, and sorry for what she had done.

When Harry's head had been bathed, and he was feeling well again, she begged his pardon.

"O," said Harry, generously, "I was quite as bad as you, because I teased you so. What do you think it was that I found? It was only a daisy."

"It was not worth quarreling about," said Edith.

"We will try and be more kind to each other in the future, for nothing is worth quarreling about," said Harry.

And I think he was quite right.

Household Economy.

BROWN BREAD.—One teacup of milk, and three of sour milk; four cups of meal; two cups of flour; half a cup of molasses, or one cup of sugar; one teaspoonful of soda, and one of salt; rise one hour and bake very slow.

FLOUR PUDDING.—One cup of thick cream; two cups of sour milk; two eggs; one teaspoonful of cream tartar; half a teaspoonful of soda; make a thick batter; bake quick.

POTATO YEAST.—Take four large potatoes, peel and boil them with a quart of water and a handful of hops; when done mash the potatoes and strain the whole on one cup of flour; one table-spoonful of sugar and one of salt; then put it on the stove and scald it, stirring all the time; when cool or milk warm add a cup of yeast.

GOOD DOUGHNUTS.—Two teacups of sour milk; one cup of cream; one cup of sugar; one egg; one teaspoonful of soda and one of salt; nutmeg or other spices to suit the taste.

SAUCE.—One teacup of sugar; half a cup of butter; a large tablespoonful of wine and of flour and nutmeg; a pint of boiling water.

Agricultural.

FARMER BROWN, SOLUS.

BY FRED D. MUZZEY.

I vow! that's tugging pretty tough; whoa Buck, whoa Bright, whoa ho!
I guess we'll stop and breath a spell, it really seems as though
The farm grew stunnier every year, I've broke two p'ints to-day.
I'm tempted ev ry spring I plow to sell and go away
Out West; but as the summer comes and the old hills get green,
And the rocks are covered up with grass and posies shine between,
And everything's so beautiful, I change my mind, you see,
And say, "I guess I'll keep the farm,—it's good enough for me."

I'm satisfied to walk the ways my sire and grandsire trod,
To breathe the same rough mountain air, and till the same hard sod;
The same Lord made the whole big earth, and He is everywhere.
It aint no matter where I be, He has me in his care.
Some say we should give up the world with all its hopes and fears,
That 'tis at best a dreary place of sighing and of tears,
But Jesus thought 'twas good enough that on the cruel tree
He died for it, and so I guess, it's good enough for me.

And these same folks say God is bad, a weak and cruel God,
That 'tis in anger not in love he lays on us the rod.
And now I tremble when I think that this I almost cried
Six years ago come Tuesday night, when little Benny died,
The little dead face hardened me; what had my baby done?
But I tried hard, and *just* made out to say, "Thy will be done."
God works in mystery, and sometimes 'tis hard the right to see,
But poor old sinner that I am, He's good enough for me.

There's my two daughters, Hattie and Kate, I know they don't wear curls
Of borrowed hair, and put on airs like neighbor Jones' girls;
They never went to boarding school, and don't wear dimund rings,
Nor kids, nor silks, and velvets, and them Grecian bends and things;
But they're obedient, loving girls, brown birds that work all day,
And yet can sing when evening comes, and join in fun and play.
And John, too, aint a chap for show, but he is frank and free;
An honest, faithful boy, and so he's good enough for me.

And when life seems a stormy sea, and I a hopeless waif,
I've just to think of my old wife, and I feel kinder *safe*.
Just as the Roman Catholics I think must always feel
When they cry out to the saints, or to the Virgin Mary kneel;
For it seems as though her soul 'tween me and God in Paradise
Must make even stains like mine seem somewhat dimmer in His eyes.
And yet she's neither young nor handsome as she used to be;
But bless her pure and peaceful face, she's good enough for me.

And discontent is wicked, for whatever can it be
But saying "What my God has made aint good enough for me?"
Such thoughts are impious; what are we that we should dare to say,
"This thing is wrong?" as if we could have shown a better way.
Well moralizing here may help to keep a fellow sound,
But 't wont help on the spring's work, nor plough the stunny ground.
Get up, old chaps, you're getting old and lazy too, I see,
But I am too, and so I guess, you're good enough for me.

The Carnation.

The florists raise vast quantities of these fragrant and beautiful plants for winter blooming, and if we purchase the right varieties we can have them in full bloom, from December to June. Young plants are better than old ones because they blossom more freely. The plants are raised by cuttings, which root easily if a thirfty young stalk is taken; set it in sand and keep it quite wet for several weeks. They can also be raised by layers, which is best done in July or August. Select a fresh young shoot, but a stout vigorous one, of four or five joints in length; strip off the leaves nearest the root, for if left on they will induce decay in shoot. Stir up the soil in the pot, or about the plant; then take the shoot in the thumb and finger of the left hand and bend it upward, inserting a sharp knife below the third joint from the top; cut upward through the centre of that joint to about half or three quarters of an inch above it, then cut off the tongue directly under the joint; the future roots will spring from this joint, and any injury to it would prevent their formation. The plant must then be well watered and shaded from the sun. Not more than quarter of an inch of soil should be covered over the joint; and none of the leaves should be covered, because they will decay, and thereby cause the layer to "damp off."

Keep the plants moist and shade the layer from the hottest sun, and in three or four weeks, at the utmost, they will be well rooted. Then they can be cut off from the parent plant, with about half an inch of the stem which connects them to the plant, and planted in soil, in small pots.

The Carnation requires a very rich soil and there is scarcely any plant to which a congenial soil is of so great importance. It will not thrive in much moisture, but loves leaf mould, and thoroughly decomposed horse or cow manure. The Spitalsfield weavers are famous for their beautiful Pinks and Carnations, and they use a soil composted from one-sixth leaf mould, one-sixth coarse sand, and one-half horse manure, at least one year old. Mix these as thoroughly as possible, and expose to the frosts of winter.

Carnations are more hardy than many of our window plants, and need a cooler atmosphere in which to bloom well. If they can stand in a room where the temperature does not rise over 65 degrees, or fall lower than 40 degrees, they will thrive luxuriantly. Manure water given once a week will make bar ren plants bloom well.

Cuttings are not so easily grown as layers, because they require artificial heat to strike well; but if soaked in warmish water for twenty four hours, they will be more likely to root.

Among the best winter blooming varieties are *President Degraw*, a pure white flower, very fragrant, and an abundant bloomer; *Edward White*, very large and perfect flower; *La Purite*, a bright carmine pink, very handsome; *Defiance*, a bright red; *Washington*, striped pink and crimson; *Astoria*, a white ground speckled with red. With some of these varieties, if not all, we can have flowers nearly all the year round. The red spider will often attack Carnations when the air is too hot and dry, but a weekly showering and sponging in warm water will drive them away—as these mites only thrive in a warm, dry air.

Maxims for Horticulturists.

The following paragraphs are worthy of careful preservation among the most valuable rules that should govern a well regulated farm:

1. When fruit trees occupy the ground nothing else should—except very short grass.

2. Fruitfulness and growth of the tree cannot be expected the same year.

3. There is no plum that the curculio will not take, though any kind may sometimes escape for one year in one place.

4. Pear blight still puzzles the greatest men. The best remedy known is to plant two for every one that dies.

5. If you don't know how to prune don't hire a man from the other side of the sea, who knows less than you do.

6. Don't cut off a big lower limb unless you are a renter and don't care what becomes of the trees when your time is out.

7. A tree with the limbs coming out near the ground is worth two trees trimmed up five feet, and so on until they are not worth anything

8 Trim down not up.

9. Shorten in don't lenghten up.

10. If you had an arm cut off, you would feel it at your heart—a tree will not feel, but rot to the heart.

11. When anybody tells you of a gardener that understands all about horticulture and agriculture, and that he can be hired, don't believe a word of it, for there are none such to be hired. Such a man can make more than you can afford to give him, and if he has sence enough to understand the business, he will also have sence enough to know this.

Disadvantages of Western Farming.

A correspondent of the Congrgationalist, writing from Iowa, draws the follwing dark picture of the condition of the farmers in those grain growing regions:—

"We are seeing now at the West hord times, yes very hard. Just think, 1,000 bushels of corn or oats or potatoes have been worth in our market $150, for the last three months; dressed pork, $3.50 per cwt.; beef a little better, $3 per cwt. on the foot. Wheat has ranged from 75 cents to $1, barley from 17 cents to 40 cents. Every thing the farmer has to buy costs him nearly one-half more than it would in New England. Between the upper and nether mill stones—buying and selling—the farmers are ground down hard.

"The railroads are making money for they have it in their power to take the lion's share. When corn is worth 15 cents a bushel in our market and 75 cents in the Boston market, there is a wide margin between the producer and consumer. Sixty cents per bushel is paid to the middle men, the buyer, transporter and selier. In other words it costs the producer and consumer four bushels to get one between them.

"The same has been true in respect to nearly all the grains, together with beef and pork. Money brings 10 to 15 and 20 per cent. and scarce at that, since the "Chicago Fire;" and worse since the "Boston Fire." Millions of dollars must be absorbed in rebuilding those cities which otherwise might have found their way to our relief. Farmers who owe money cannot pay this high interest, and many of them are losing their places by the foreclosure of mortgages,"

The Better Education of Farmers

We are apt to take too much of a dollar and cent view of the question of agricultural education. In so many years, a young man could earn so much money; will it pay him to give this up in order that he may get an education which will enable him in later life to make more money than he could without it? Will any education that can be gained at schools make a better money-getter of a boy than would the same amount of time and attention given to learning the practical operations of the farm?

Without stopping to answer these propositions—which are foreign to our purpose—we desire to call attention to other considerations that must have weight with all thoughtful persons. The greatest prosperity of farmers, as a class and individually must come from causes which will advance farming as an occupation. No permanent and satisfactory prosperity can attend any calling which is not held in good repute, and no calling in these modern days can be held in good repute which is not represented by at least a fair proportion of men of education and intelligence. In the so-called "professions," in mechanics, and in trade, the tendency is toward better education and a more and more cultivated intelligence, and the degree of respect in which they are severally held is in all cases proportionate to the intelligence of its representative men.

In the future allotment to honor and influence, and consequently of prosperity, that calling will take the lead whose representative men are the most distinguished for education and cultivation, and that will fall to the rear in which there has been the least progress in these respects. The road of the future is an ascending one, and progress over it is to be secured much more by the aid of matter. Those who take and keep the lead in the race will do so because of their brains rather than of their bodies, and the leadership will imply control over those who are behind (and therefore beneath) them. How far their rule will be merciful will depend on conditions which we can not now foresee, but that they will rule is as certain as that mind has always ruled over brute force. If farmers can take the lead, farming will be a favored and a fortunate occupation. If they must fall to the rear, it will be a degraded and an unfortunate one. Whether it is one or the other, depends on the extent to which farmers are educated and enabled to stand a fair chance in the "struggle for the lead," and our successors will be the lords of the land or a down-trodden peasantry, according as they are educated or not. We assume, of course, that prosperity and intelligence will go hand in hand, and that as we gain in education we shall gain in wealth. At the same time, we believe that the best chance for the future of our craft lies in the ability of its representatives to take a high stand for education and intelligence. Believing this, we long for the better general education of farmers, not of those of the farmers' sons who are destined for other occupations, but especially for those who are to stay on the farm. Let us bring better-trained brains to the performance of our work, and shed the light of cultivation and refinement over our hearth stone, and we may confidently look for a success which mere wealth could not secure.

Educational.

SCHOOL IN THE MOUNTAINS!

BELLEFONTE, PA.

A CLASSICAL AND ENGLISH SCHOOL, FOR YOUNG LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.

LOCATION noted for healthfulness and natural attraction.

BUILDINGS, large, commodious, well lighted, well ventilated, and pleasantly warmed in winter.

Instruction thorough. Pupils are carefully prepared for college, or for positions of usefulness in society. Special attention is given to the moral culture and general refinement of the pupils. For circular address

v5n4-1y Rev. J. P. HUGHES, Principal.

$50,000

Will be distributed this year, to the subscribers for the AMERICAN WORKING PEOPLE, a large quarto, 16 page Monthly, costing but $1 50 per year. It gives a premium to every subscriber, varying from 25 cents in value up to $2, $5, $10, $20, $100, $200, and $500 in Greenbacks, besides Watches, Sewing Machines, Parlor Organs and numerous other premiums of value. Send for specimen and circulars to

7-3m CAPRON & CO., Pittsburgh, Pa.

For Sale.

FOR SALE!

A desirable stone dwelling house, with outbuildings, blacksmith stand and lot of land containing about TWO ACRES, covered with a fine lot of FRUIT TREES in a thriving condition, situated about 2 miles west of Pine Grove, on the road leading to Spruce Creek. For further particulars apply to SAM'L GOSS, Rock Spring, Pa. 5-2-3m

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AT PRIVATE SALE

The undersigned offer for sale the following desirable real estate, situate in Snow Shoe and Boggs townships, Centre county, to wit: All that certain messuage or tract of land situate in Snow Shoe township, adjoining lands of Meese Gunsallis, John Lucas and others, containing 152 acres and 84 perches, a portion cleared, balance well timbered and underlaid with coal. Also the undivided one-fourth part of a tract of land situate in the aforesaid twp., lately owned by Gideon and Matthias Bechtol, containing 139 acres and 68 perches, is in good state of cultivation, and is underlaid with coal. Also all that certain lot or parcel of ground situate in Boggs twp. adjoining Central City, containing eleven acres more or less thereon erected a large frame building (formerly used as a tannery) and three tenant houses. A fine location for manufacturing purposes the Bald Eagle Valley R R passing the property and the Bald Eagle Creek forming the Southern boundary. Also all that certain two story stone house and lot of ground in the Borough of Bellefonte adjoning lot of Presbyterian church fronting sixty feet on Spring st., and extending back to new st., containing eleven rooms, fine cellar and supplied with gas and water choice fruit on the premises. For further information apply to or address J. D. Shurgert Centre Co. Bank, or N. M. Hooven, Bellefonte, Pa. 6-tf

Medicines.

THE PEOPLE'S DRUG STORE.

Next door to Wilson's, & Hicks' Hardware store, Allegheny St.,

BELLEFONTE, PA.,

R. F. Rankin & Co.,

(Successors to Linn & Wilson.)

DEALERS IN

PURE DRUGS, AND MEDICINES,

CHEMICALS, PAINTS, OILS, DYE STUFFS, VARNISHES, BRUSHES, PERFUMERY, NOTIONS, FANCY ARTICLES FOR THE TOILET, &c.

PURE WINE AND LIQUORS

for medicinal purposes.

SHOULDER BRACES,

TRUSSES & SUPPORTERS in great variety.

Also, Choice

CIGARS AND TOBACCO,

and all other articles usually kept in a first class Drug Store.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED.

4-19-1y R. F. RANKIN & CO.

AUCTIONEER.—Samuel Parker offers his services to the people of Bellefonte and Centre county, as Auctioneer. He will cry all sales entrusted to him at reasonable prices. Address SAMUEL PARKER, 4n-42ly. Bellefonte, Pa.

BAKERIES.

H. D. YERGER'S

BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY STORE.

In the marble front of T. H. Reynolds, is really and truly the place to buy

BREAD, CONFECTIONERIES, RAISINS, NUTS AND CANDIES OF ALL KINDS.

ICE CREAM

is a specialty and will be kept at al times and at all hours by him.

BREAD, CONFECTIONERIES, NUTS, RAISINS, ORANGES, LEMONS, ICE CREAM, &c., &c., all sold by him at the most reasonable rates. Call and see him and rest assured that you will not be disappointed.

v4n15-1y H. D. YERGER, Bishop St., Bellefonte, Pa.

TO BUILDERS!

HAVING purchased the Beech Creek Saw Mill Property, at Snow Shoe, Centre county, Pa., I am prepared to fill orders for

WHITE & YELLOW PINE, OAK HEMLOCK LUMBER.

Also, for

SHINGLES, PLASTERING LATH AND PALINGS.

W. M. HOLMES, Post Office Address, Bellefonte, Centre Co., Pa. 3-47 tf

Expresses.

SOLOMON DERR.—Hereby gives notice to his old friends and the business community generally that he has a good team of horses, and that he is prepared at all times to deliver lumber, flour, feed, or baggage, or anything else in his line, to any part of the town or County. Everything committed to his care, will be attended to punctually. 4-28-1y.

ISAAC LOSE Takes this Method to inform his friends and the public generaly that he is prepared to do all kinds of express business and will deliver promptly to any point in Bellefonte or the county anything that may be entrusted to his care. Thankful for past favors he asks a continuence of public favor. 5-6-1y

Seeds.

SEEDS, PLANTS, TREES,—PREPAID BY MAIL.—My new priced descriptive Catalogue of Choice Flowers and Garden Seeds, 25 sorts of either for $1; new & choice varieties of Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Shrubs, Evergreens, Roses, Grapes, Lilies, Small Fruits, House and Border Plants and Bulbs; one year graited Fruit Trees for mailing; Fruit Stocks of all kinds; Hedge Plants &c.; the most complete assortment in the country, will be sent gratis to any plain address, with P. O. box. True Cape Cod Cranberry for upland or lowland, $6 per 1000; $1 per 100; prepaid by mail. Trade List to dealers. Seeds on Commission. Agents wanted.

B. M. WATSON, Old Colony Nurseries and Seeds Warehouse, Plymouth, Mass. Established 1842. 8-6

1000 Agents wanted for our immensely popular MAPS & CHARTS. Our large Map of the "United States," with a beautiful large "World" Map on reverse side, sells splendidly. Each Map 42x58 inches.

1000 Agents wanted for our new Charts, "Holy Virgin and Child" and "Christ Blessing Little Children." They will find a place in every Christian home.—HASSIS & LUBRECHT, Empire Map and Chart Establishment, 167 Liberty St., New York 9-4t

A WATCH FREE Worth $20, given gratis to every living man who will act as our agent. Business light & honorable. $300,00 made in 5 days. Saleable as flour. Everybody buys it. Can't do without it. Must have it. No Gift Enterprise, no Humbug. KENNEDY & Co., Pitteburg, Pa. 9-4t

one to her grandfather's in search of aid—that he left her there alone. Mr. Gross then returned to his home, where the mother had been so anxiously waiting to see and press the little wanderer, Mollie, to her bosom.

Soon after Charlie, the brother, was brought home by "grandpa." Had the little girl not prayed so long and earnestly, there is every reason to suppose that she would have frozen to death before aid reached her, but the child-like faith which had been imbued into her life by her parents, was so strong within her that "she could not die," as she said "before she asked God to save her."—*Lancaster Examiner.*

Colds.

A SKETCH FOR THE SEASON.

"Colds are"—I stopped adruptly at that point to swallow through one ear and apply a soft handke-chief to what I used to rejoice in as a nose.

"They are"—said Smith, sneezing sonorously and wheezing painfully.

"Are eqidemic, I should say," said Maria, who was much disgusted that the whole family had ceased to call her by her Christian name and persisted in addressing her by the less euphonious name of "Bariah."

"I thi'k I feel worse, this bordig," said Smith, laying his hand impressively upon his chest, (Smith always would complain,) and glancing about the family group for sympathy. I made an attempt to smell of the camphor bottle through my mouth, my olfactory organ having become nothing but an incumberance, and put my handkerchief suddenly to my eyes, not so much on his account, however, as being somewhat absorbed in the vain attempt to catch a sneeze, which presisted in the most aggravating manner in coming just when it should not come, and when I took breath or a satisfactory explosion it seemed to vanish and leave me to weep that I should be denied even that poor comfort. I thought the act a necessity, but if it did seem like sympathy for Smith, far be it from me to deprive him of it Charlie happening that moment to fall into a violent fit of coughing. I let my tears flow unrestrained while I tried to find the cough drops.

"I don't know but the child has got the whoobig-cough," said Smith, being inclined to look on the dark side of things and concluding his remark by a sneeze that caused him to spring upon his feet and seize hold of his head with one hand while he clutched his neck tie with the other—I was pained to observe that Maria giggled in the most heartless manner, though I am glad to say she was thoughtful enough to mend the fire. Smith soon subsided into the easy chair and pulling a shawl around his shoulders plaintively remarked, "Bariah, how dare you leave that fladdel off your deck?' and closed his eyes slowly, like a much enduring man as he is.

While he takes a nap in his chair, and the children are quiet for a few minutes. Maria wishes me to give a few practical suggestions to her girl friends who may be suffering with bad colds.

First, then, she says, "If your throat is ever so sore, don't fail to crimp your hair; for the sorer your throat is, and the more of a sensation you make, the more people will come to see you, and"—(she whispered this,) "if you have a suspicion of a beau he will be sure to come and will notice the first thing how your hair looks." In this connection she remarks, in the second place, that if he *should* come to see you, and at any period during his visit you should feel it to be an absolute necestity to swallow, (you'll not attempt it unless you do feel it a necessity, I am sure,) be careful to turn your face to the wall; for such a contraction of your features will follow on the attempt as is not conducive to beauty. Thirdly, turn up your nose at your food, and your friends will bring on all there is nice in the house for your consumption.

At this point I wept violently, moved not so much by emotion as by the fierce tingling in my nose, Johnny cried, because "his nose wouldn't go," Charlie coughed, Annie had the earache, and, worse than all, Smith awoke. Maria, to atone for past thoughtlessness, tenderly asked, "How do you feel, papa?"

"Feel!" said Smith, savagely, "I feel as if there was a mill in the side of my head, a darning needle stuck in my ear, a plug in my nose, a coal of fire in each eye, a ramrod down the back of my neck, and that I had swallowed a nutmeg grater."

Maria looked frightened, and I thought it best to lay aside my pen. B. H.

Milesburg, March 20, 1873.

REMARKS.—A sad case of epidemic influenza." We hope the family are by this time restored to a comfortable state of health.

——The BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN and all material thereto belonging will be removed to the rooms in the Bush House, formerly occupied by the Bellefonte Press Co., on the first day of April next. We will fit up those rooms in a convenient and substantial manner and then take our coat off, with the intention of spending all the money and *time* necessary to make our paper an influence for good in this section and a paying concern to ourselves. See advertisement in another column.

Moral and Religious.

THE REST.

BY MRS. M. F. TUCKER.

With these slow unsteady feet,
Toward the Everlasting Rest,
Toward the angel-trodden street
In the City of the Blest.
I am journeying, and the day
Is not very far away,
When the pearly gates shall be
Opened joyfully for me!

If I sometimes feel regret,
When the shadows blur and blind,
For the life I cherish yet,
For the things I leave behind,
It is only for a day;
Then the shadows pass away,
And with undimmed eyes I see
The approaching jubilee!

And the precious ones who slept
In a long unbroken sleep;
Whose departure I have wept,
And whose memory I keep,
They will meet me on the shore,
They will greet me as of yore,
And their love shall be a crown
On my forehead resting down!

In yon heavenly demesne,
By the radiance of the throne,
We shall see as we are seen,
And shall know as we are known.
We shall lift adoring palms,
We shall sing rejoicing psalms,
In the City of the Blest,
In the Everlasting Rest!

SUNDAY READINGS.—No. 6.

This is not your rest.—MICAH.

How often the truth of the prophet's declaration forces itself upon our consciousness as the waves of care, sorrow, change, roll in upon our daily experience. We gather about us our household gods, count our hearts, treasurees, and say with a long drawn breath of satisfaction, now we have found our rest; but with the next hour floats in a new freight of anxieties; there comes a new call upon our energies, the foundations of our trust are broken up, and rest is far off in untraveled domain.

Weary with sin, saddened by the blight it leaves, catching occasional glimpses of a peace it knows not, the unquiet heart loses the balm that Nature offers through myriad channels. The soft blue of tranquil skies, cool shadows that fleck the sunlit wood, the murmuring of the unruffled sea, as it leaves the sparkling sands, all fail to apply the balm of peace to the soul at war with itself and in rebellion to God's law.

We make our hearts' treasures idols; lean upon them in our weakness; expect from them sunshine and glory of life, and suddenly their light is darkened,—their glory in the dust. We thought we had found our rest; instead, but for our faith and hope, we should drain the goblet of despair.

We seek gain with feverish haste of avarice and deem that wealth will bring exemption from toil and leisure for repose. Its possession dispels the latter illussion, for cares and responsibilities throng its presence; and amid its gems and gold, broad acres and palaces, too often there is found no spot where the tried spirit can find its pearl of price—needed rest.

Earth is not our rest. It were vain hoping to find it here amid change, decay, dissolution. This world is for toil, progress, struggle with temptation, and the school of preparation for that other life whose rest is reserved for the conqueror. Wearied, disappointed, sick with hope deferred, Faith whispers of a land where weariness and disappointment are unknown, and the wounded heart finds the healing that earth cannot supply.

This is not our rest. A little while ourselves, our deeds, our very names, will be blotted from the world's history, What we possess, much or little, we drop at the portal of the grave; what we are in mind and character goes with us behind the veil and constitutes our joy or woe, our disquiet or deep peace.

Not many of all the myriad that have peopled earth and passed away have left a record of their being. The few have been able to trace their names in imperishable chartacters on the world's chart for guides, warning or encouragement; but for high and low alike, what guerdon so precious, in the sphere that claims them now, as the peace of God that passeth our understanding.

This is not our rest; so valuing each good thing as God's gift, gathering as we may the flowers by the wayside, rejoicing in the sunlight and the breeze, basking in the blessedness of love while friends are granted, we will not abide in these as if each wore the stamp of immortality, but rather remembering their fleeting, transitory nature, look for fruition in the great hereafter.

For the present let there be activity, perseverance, resolution, for by these is character constructed; the *rest* we would prefer will come in God's good time. Some foretaste of it we all obtain here, but life is too busy, too crowded for one sinlessly to sit with folded hands and let the hurrying tide sweep by.

Each has his task. Question not of to-morrow, but do the first duty that presents itself to-day, and they come in unbroken procession, each with its sacred credentials, knocking at the portal of conscience. This is not our rest but there is one prepared for weary feet in the green pastures and by the still waters of the land of peace. No obstacle impends our passage thither; whether we wake or sleep, the hurrying tide of time bears our frail barks to the shore that knows no receding wave. There, not in the grave, for the soul can know none, the wicked cease from troubling and the weary are at rest.

Insurance.

JOSEPH A. RANKIN, Continues to insure Real and Personal Property in the following Companies, viz: Lycoming Fire Insurance Company of Muncy Pa., Franklin Fire Insurance Company of Philadelphia Pa., German Insurance Company of Erie Pa., Armenia Insurance Company of Pittsburgh Pa., Columbia Insurance Company of Columbia Pa., and National Insurance Company of Hartford City. Office opposite the Presbyterian Church. v-5-no-2-1-y.

Attorneys and Agents.

JOHN F. POTTER, Attorney at Law, Bellefonte, Pa. oct27'70-tf.

J. G. LOVE, Attorney at Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office on High St. ja4'71-tf.

N. M ALLISTER.....JAMES A. BEAVER.
MCALLISTER & BEAVER, Attorneys-at-Law Bellefonte, Pa. v5n1-1y.

ISAAC LYTLE, Attorney-at-Law, Officee with Wilson & Hutchison, Allegheny street, Bllefonte, Pa. v4n46-1y

WM. P. WILSON, Attorney at Law, Bellefonte Pa. Office in Mrs. Benner's Building, Bellefonte Pa. v4n12-1y

E. BLANCHALD.....E. M. BLANCHARD
E. & E. M. BLANCHARD, Attorneys-at-Law, Allegheny street, Bellefonte, Pa. v5-1-1y.

J. J. LINGLE, Attorney at Law Osceola, Clearfield County, Pa., will practice in the several Courts of Clearfield and Centre Counties. 5-6-1y.

J. S. BARNHART, Attorney at Law. Collections and all other legal business promptly attended to, Office, 2nd floor over Bank of Wm. F. Reynolds & Co. v5n7-1y

D. F. FORTNEY, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Special attention given to the collection of claims. Office over Reynolds & Co 's Bank. v4n27-1y.

ROLAND C. CHEESMAN, Notary Public, Military Claim Agent and Conveyancer, will attend faithfully to all business entrusted to his care. Office Nearly opposite the Court House, two doors from the Law-Office of Messrs Bush & Yocum. n4v20-1y.

ADAM HOY. JAMES T. HALE
HOY & HALE, Attorneys and Counsellors at Law, Bellefonte, Pa., will attend to all business submitted to them with promptness and dispatch. Special attention given to Orphans Court Practise and Collections. Remittances promptly made. v4n42-1y

D. G. BUSH.....GEO. M. YOCUM.
BUSH & YOCUM, Attorneys-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa., will attend to all business entrusted to them, with promptness. Office North-east corner of the Diamond, in Mrs. Irwin's stone building. v5n4-1y.

JOHN H. ORVIS. CYRUS T. ALEXANDER
ORVIS & ALEXANDER, Attorneys-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office in Conrad House, Allegheny street.

J. P. GEPHART,
WITH
ORVIS & ALEXANDER,
attends to collections and practice in the Orphans' Court. v5n1-1y

WATCHMAKER!

THE undersigned adopts this method of informing his friends and the people of Centre Co., that he is now located in the room adjoining the store of Harper Bros., on Spring St., where he is prepared to make and repair watches. He is solitious of business and guarentees complete satisfaction to all who may favor him with their work. Clocks watches and jewelry repaired upon the shortest notice. F. C. RICHARD.
v4n5-1y.

THOMAS TOOT Potters Mills travels this and adjoining counties for the purpose of Repairing Clocks and Jewelry. All work warranted one year. v4n5-1y

Physicians and Dentists.

AUGUSTUS HIBLER, M. D., Physician and Surgeon. Office at his residence near the Quaker Meeting House. Will attend to all business in his profession at all times and at all hours. v4n23-1y.

GEORGE F. HARRIS, M. D., Physician and Surgeon; Pension Surgeon for Centre Co., will attend promptly to all business entrusted to his care. Office on High street, North side, Bellefonte, Pa. v5n4-1y.

JAMES H. DORBINS, Physician and Surgeon. Office up stairs in J. H. McClure's building, Bishop street, Bellefonte, Pa. Will attend to all business in his profession, faithfully at all times and all hours. v5n2-1y.

DRS. T. R. & R. F. HAYES, Physicians and Surgeons, offer their professional services to the citizens of Bellefonte and vicinity. Office over *Watchman* office. Residence last house on East Linn Street v5n5-y

GEO. L. POTTER, M. D., Physician and Surgeon, offers his professional services to the citizens of Bellefonte and vicinity. Office removed to house formerly occupied by Mrs Livingston, on Spring street, two doors South of Presbyterian church. mar16'70-tf.

J. C. McENTIRE, Dentist, notifies his friends and the public generally, that he has opened an office for the practice of his profession, in the brick building opposite the "Republican" office. All persons wishing Dental operations, teeth or repairs will please call. All I ask is a trial. Work warranted. 4-22-1y

S. BELFORD D. D. S.—Offers his Professional serveces to the citizens of Centre Co. Office over Wilson's Drug Store, one Doore Below Irwin & Wilson's Hardware Store. All Work intrusted to me will be Executed in the Best Manner.
Vulcanite, full Setts.....$30
Upper Setts.....$15
Partial Setts $2 per tooth. Please give me a call. v3n-14

J. W. RHONE, Dentist, Boalsburg, Penn's. In his office every Monday and Saturday of each week. Agent for the new improved Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine. Also Agent for the New York Mutual Life Insurance Company. The Assets on 1st January, 1872, were $51,577,997 60. Its cash Receipts During the year 1871, were $15,565,644 77. The cash Dividends paid to policy holders in 1871, were $3,365,495 12.
☞ The ratio of Expenses (including taxes) to receipts during the year 1871, were only seven and eight-tenths per cent., which is much less than any other Company. 5-3-y

BANKS.

E. C. HUMES, Pres't.....J. P. HARRIS, Cash'r.
FIRST NATIONAL BANK of Bellefonte, Allegheny Street, Bellefonte, Pa. v5n1-1y.

H. BROCKERHOFF, Pres't..J. D. SHUGERT, Cash'r.
CENTRE COUNTY BANKING CO., receive Deposits and allow Interest, Discount notes, Buy and sell Government Securities, Gold and Coupons. v5n2-1y.

MOSES THOMPSON, JOHN I. THOMPSON
WM. THOMPSON, JR.
JOHN I. THOMPSON & CO.
BANKERS.
LEMONT, CENTRE CO., PA.
v4n26-1y

Shaving Saloons.

M. S. GRAHAM, Fashionable Barber, in Basement of the Conrad House Bellefonte Pa. The best of Razors, sharp and keen, always on hand. He guarantees a SHAVE without either pulling or pain. Perfumery, Hair Oil Hair Restoratives, Paper Collars, &c., constantly on hand. ja12'73.1y.

Tobacco.

NATHANEL BECK keeps constantly on hand a large and well selected stock of Cigars Snuff fine cut and plug Tobacco; also pipes and Cigar holders of every variety Call and see. Next door to entrance of Bush House.

Coal, Lime, &c.

WM. SHORTLIDGE. BOND VALENTINE
Shortlidge & Co.,
BELLEFONTE, PA.

SELL
ANTHRACITE COAL
LIME,
POWDER,
FIRE BRICK,
IMPLEMENTS,
FERTILIZERS!
Office and Yard near South End of Bald Eagle Valley Railroad Depot,
v4n34-1y

Coal! Coal! Coal!

HAVING erected new Coal Sheds and new Scales, (Fairbanks') we are prepared to furnish the
Very Best Quality
OF
Wilkesbarre and Shamokin Coal!
to all who may want the same, at the
MOST REASONABLE PRICES
Our Coal is of the very
BEST IN THE MARKET
and will be delivered at the residence of all parties in Bellefonte, as low as the same quality of coal can be had elsewhere.
All orders left with J. P. Gephart, at his office in the Conrad House, or at the Coal Yard, will receive prompt attention.
ALEXANDER & CO.

CLOTHING.

NEW ARRANGEMENT!

ISAAC GUGGENHEIMER, having purchased the entire stock of the late firm of Sussman & Guggenheimer, except the Leather and Shoe findings, has filled up his shelves with a lot of
SPLENDID NEW GOODS,
embracing
READY-MADE CLOTHING!
DRESS GOODS,
GROCERIES,
PROVISIONS,
BOOTS & SHOES,
HATS & CAPS,
AND FANCY ARTICLES,
and is now perpared to accommodate all his old customers, and to welcome all new ones who may favor him with their patronage. He feels safe in saying that he can please the most fastidious. Call and see,
ISAAC GUGGENHEIMER.

P. S.—Mr. Sussman still continues to deal in
LEATHER AND SHOE-FINDINGS,
CLOVER & TIMOTHY SEEDS.
in the old room, where he may always be found
v4n12 1y.

CARDS, Letter-Heads, Bill-Heads, Posters Envelopes, &c., neatly executed at the REPUBLICAN OFFICE.

Grain and Flour.

BELLEFONTE MERCHANT MILLS.
J. M. WAGNER & CO.
inform their friends, and the people of Centre and adjoining counties, that they continue to do business at the Bellefonte Mill. They keep constantly on hand the very best of
FAMILY AND SUPERFINE FLOUR,
Corn Meal, Feed of all kinds, such as Corn in the Ear, Rye, Chop, Corn Chop, Rye, Corn and Oats Chop, mixed in equal quantities, which they sell wholesale and retail at the lowest reasonable rates. They also buy
GRAIN OF ALL KINDS.
for which they pay the Highest Market Price, and pay the cash right down. No farmer need come the second time for his Greenbacks. Give us a trial. JOHN M. WAGNER & CO.,
v5n6-1y. Bellefonte, Pa.

IRON.

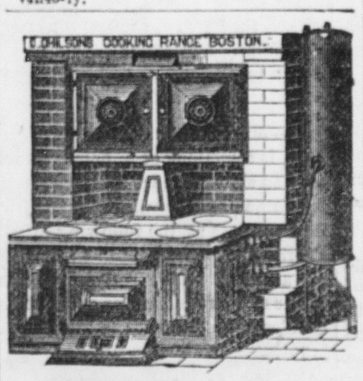
IRON! IRON!

A general assortment of all sorts of
IRON OF ALL SIZES,
including Horse-shoe and Axe iron, and Steel Tire and Sleigh Soles. Also
STEEL FURNITURE
AND
BED SPRINGS,
of all shapes and sizes, for sale by the
BELLEFONTE IRON COMP'Y.
v5n1-tf

MILESBURG FOUNDRY.

CASTINGS AND MACHINERY OF ALL kinds made and fitted up in the best style
Thimble SKEINS
of the last improved style, Wholesale or Retail.
Turbine Water Wheels, Engines, &c.,
made to order. [4-29-1y] J. M. GREEN.

W. P. DUNCAN,
BELLEFONTE PA.
FOUNDER & MACHINIST
MANUFACTURER OF
Steam Engines,
TURBINE WATER WHEELS,
CIRCULAR SAW MILLS,
Mill Machinery.
v4n46-1y.



HAYES, COULTER & CO,
Successors to W. A. Arnold,
MANUFACTURERS OF
HEATERS, RANGES, LOW GRATES,
AND
MARBELIZED SLATE MANTELS
Send for Catalogue.
No. 1305 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.
4-28-1y.

Clothing.

New Clothing Store!

I. L. REIZENSTEIN,

In the corner building, opposite Hoffer's store, Bellefonte, has established a new Clothing store where the best bargains in the county are offered.

$7,50 to $15
FOR SUITS OF THE
FINEST CASSIMERE.
HATS, CAPS,
and a full and complete assortment of everything in the line of Clothing.

Gents' Furnishing Goods,
all directly from their own manufactory. Also,
Jewelry, Watches, Etc.

They have engaged their old clerk, Mr. A. Sternberg, so well known to the people, and who will be pleased to see his old friends. Repairing of Watches promptly attended to, by F Galbraith. v4n13-1y.

Hotels.

RAIL ROAD HOUSE,
Corner Front and Pine Street,
PHILIPSBURG, CENTRE CO., PA.
ROBERT LOYD, Prop'r.
The best of Liquors and Segars constantly on hand. The table is well supplied with the best the market affords. v4n25-1y

NATIONAL HOTEL,
MILLHEIM, CENTRE COUNTY, PA.
The undersigned adopts this method of informing the travelling community, and citizens generally, that he has refitted and furnished anew throughout, with first-class furniture, this well known and established house—
THE NATIONAL HOTEL, MILLHEIM, PA.
He is well prepared to furnish first-class accommodations to all who desire to make a hotel their Home, or pleasant temporary abode. The custom of the travelling public, and the surrounding country, is respectfully solicited. Courteous and attentive servents are engaged at this popular Hotel. The Stabling is the very best, and none but careful and accommodating hostlers are employed.
JONATHAN KREMER,
jy14'73-1y. Prop'r.

BROCKERHOFF HOUSE,
ALLEGHENY STREET, BELLEFONTE, PA.
D. JOHNSON & SONS, Proprietors.
A FIRST CLASS HOTEL—COMFORTABLE ROOMS,
PROMPT ATTENDANCE.
ALL THE MODERN CONVENIENCES—
AND REASONABLE CHARGES,
The proprietors offer to the traveling public, and to their country friends, first class accommodations and careful attention to the wants of guests at all times, at fair rates. Careful hostlers and good stabling for horses. An excellent table well served. A Bar supplied with fine liquors. Servants well trained and everything requisite in a first class Hotel. Our location is in the business part of the town, near the Post Office, the Court House, the Churches, the Banks, and the principal places of business, renders it the most eligible place for those who visit Bellefonte, on business or for pleasure.
AN OMNIBUS WILL CARRY PASSENGERS
and baggage to and from all trains free of charge
4-35-y.

BUSH HOUSE,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
First-Class Accommodations
FOR
300 GUESTS
W. H. WILKINSON & CO.,
v5n1-1y PROPRIETORS.

Livery Stables.

LIVERY STABLE!

WM. McCULLEY, begs leave to inform the citizens of Bellefonte and the public generally, that he has opened and is now keeping one of the largest and most extensive
Livery Stables in Bellefonte.
His horses are good and safe—his
CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, &C., ARE ALL GOOD,
and comfortable. His rates of hire are reasonable. He solicits the patronage of the public, and promises satisfaction.
WM. McCULLEY.
v4n23-1y

Provisions.

The Best Beef in the Market
CAN BE FOUND AT
Edwin Tyson's
Meat Market. We kill
THE VERY BEST OF BEEVES
that can be found, and keep a large assortment of other kinds of meats of the very best quality and at very
REASONABLE PRICES.
Call and see us, on HIGH STREET, near the new building of the First National Bank. Farmers will do well to call and see us before selling at any other place as
We Pay the Best Prices
AND
CASH IN ADVANCE.
6-5-2m

BLATCHLEY'S IMPROVED CUCUMBER WOOD PUMP.
Tasteless, Durable, Efficient and Cheap. The best Pump for the least money. Attention is especially invited to Blatchley's Patent Improved Bracket and New Drop Check Valve, which can be withdrawn without removing the Pump or disturbing the joints. Also, the Copper Chamber, which never cracks or scales, and will outlast any other. For sale by Dealers everywhere. Send for Catalogue and Price List.
CHAS. G. BLATCHLEY, M'f'r, 506 Commerce St. Philada., Pa. v4n36-1y

BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Lodge Directory.

Bayard Post, No. 90, G. A. R., meets every Monday evening, at 7 o'clock, in Bush's Arcade.

Bellefonte Council, No. 279, O. U. A. M., meets every Tuesday evening, at 7 o'clock, in Bush's Arcade.

Bellefont Lodge, No. 190, K. of P., meets every Friday evening, at their hall, in Meek's Building, opposite the Bush House.

Centre Lodge, No. 153, I. O. O. F., meets every Thursday evening at the Odd Fellow's hall. Degree meetings first Saturday of each month.

Minerva (Rebekah Degree) Lodge, No. 53, meets on the Saturday night next to and immediatelybefore the full of the moon of each month, in Odd Fellow's hall.

Bellefonte Encampment, No. 72, I. O. O. F., meets at the Odd Fellow's hall, on the second and fourth Mondays of every month.

Bellefonte Lodge, No. 268, A. Y. M., meets on Tuesday evening, at 7 o'clock, on or before each full moon, in Masonic Lodge, Bush's Arcade.

Bellefonte Chapter, 243, R. A. M. meets on Thursday night preceeding the second Friday of each month, in Masonic Lodge.

Constans Commandery, No. 33, K. T., meets the second Friday evening of each month, in Masonic Lodge.

Bellefonte and County.

——The Penn Hall Academy is said to be in a healthy condition.

——Geo. O. Boal, the boy elocutionist, met with fine success in Clearfield county.

——A man died in Rush township, some time since, who had been bitten by a dog eight years ago. He died of old age.

——Marble playing is all the rage now among young America. Boys, don't use such nasty words when excited by the game.

——Curtin township has a twenty-six mill school tax. Potter has nine and Bellefonte seventeen, for school and building purposes.

——There are two reasons why people don't mind their own business. One is, that they haven't any business and the other is, that they haven't any mind.

EGGS—Partridge, Cochin and Light Brahma eggs for hatching, and a few Dark Brahma and Partridge Cochin Cockerels for sale. SHORTLIDGE & Co.
8-3t

——We were pleased to intertwine digets with Max Liveright, who has just returned from the East with large quantities of goods for his stores in Snow Shoe and Osceola.

——Brainard, late of the Tyrone *Herald*, has taken the foolish notion into his wise head, to put life into the Hollidaysburg *Register* instead of the Williamsport paper of the same name.

——And now some light headed gentlemen from Huntingdon County wants a new county composed of portions of Cambria, Centre, Clearfield, Blair and Huntingdon, with Tyrone as the Capitol.

——Foster, the murderer of Putman, declared to the last that he was innocent of murder in the first degree, though he were "hung higher than Haman."—Whereupon an Englishman in the crowd cried out: "H'a man's h'a man for a' that."

——James Parton says the daily drinking of wine and whiskey for a debility is a delusion. Yet we know of men in this community worry down a dozen glasses of "delusion" a day without sugar. It is a mighty strong delusion when taken that way.

——President Grant has appointed Hon. Jas. Milliken, of this place, Commissioner to the Vienna Exposition. He will sail next month. "It's an ill wind," &c., for if Mr. Milliken had been elected to Congress he would not have received the appointment.

——J. R. Bowen, Esq., of Tioga county, has been appointed collector of the Internal Revenue for the Eighteenth district of this State. Mr. Bowen has been our assessor for a number of years past and by his fidelity and efficiency in that position has been rewarded with this new appointment.

——On last Saturday, in the Arbitration Room of the Court House, might have been seen Chief Justice Van Tries, with two eminent associates, Hons. S. T. Shugert and Wm. Furey, presiding, in a most dignified way, over a suit which was being ventilated by Esquires Blair and Yocum.

——At the last election of Constans Commandery of Knights Templar the following officers were elected:—

J. Miles Green, E. C.
C. T. Fryberger, G.
P. P. Green, C. G.
J. P. Harris, Treasurer.
Geo. B. Weaver, Recorder.

——During the equinoctial storms in this section, the barometers fell a short distance and broke. Cloudy weather prevailed wherever it rained, and threatening weather was reported wherever it was cloudy. The early snows of this winter have nearly all melted.—Along Bald Eagle creek it is very damp, and during the last dark nights, light winds were reported. Old probabilities had nothing to do with this report.

——Hon. H. N. McAllister returned home from the Constitutional Convention about a week ago. He has been in rather poor health for the last month. His untiring energy and zeal, together with the ripening years of his busy and useful life, are beginning to tell on his health. Relief from his labors with rest and the comforts of home, it is hoped, will restore him to his usual health.

ANOTHER OPPORTUNITY.—Mr. Fred Protzman is editor of the *Iron World and Manufacturer*, a paper published at Pittsburg in the interest of metal manufacturers, workers and dealers. He is a director in the U. S. Iron and Tin plate Co., a new establishment with a capital of four hundred thousand dollars. Mr. Protzman visited this place on last Wednesday for the purpose of examining the inducements here presented to build a branch manufactory.

What Mr. Protzman wants is some central location where charcoal iron may be had at first cost. The establishment in Pittsburg is the first and only Tin Manufactory in the United States.—Should Bellefonte be selected as the site for this new enterprise, enployment would be given to about fifty men and the number, soon increased to double as many.

This gentleman visited Howard and other points in Bald Eagle Valley and feels certain that the tin works will be located some place in this county. A delegation, representing that establishment, will soon visit this place and if some inducements be offered by our citizens, we think there will be no trouble in having them fix upon Bellefonte as the site of the new tin works.

Through want of enterprise in our people the P. R. R. car works will be placed at Milesburg instead of here, and if a like apathy is manifested in this case, another opportunity for the growth and improvement of our town may slip out of our hands.

——Ore and Silver. Some two or three weeks ago, parties began prospecting for ore in this county in Bald Eagle Valley, between Julian and Martha Furnace stations. A fine quality of fossil ore was found at several points and further research showed it to be in large quantities. Mr. George Gates, an enterprising capitalist of that section, has already perchased four hundred acres or more of the ore land from Messrs E. J. and John Henderson and Thomas Dougherty. An effort is being made to buy up all of this ore land and begin operations on it soon as possible. Underneath the ore bed is a strata of quartz which when analyzed was found to contain about five per cent. of silver. Should these discoveries prove as rich in these minerals as the sanguine owners anticipate several parties that we know of, will become contributors to the wealth of this county.

——The BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN and all material thereto belonging will be removed to the rooms in the Bush House, formerly occupied by the Bellefonte Press Co., on the first day of April next. We will fit up those rooms in a convenient and substantial manner and then take our coat off, with the intention of spending all the money and *time* necessary to make our paper an influence for good in this section and a paying concern to ourselves. See advertisement in another column.

——Ex-Sheriff Woodring's horse had no companion on last Friday night, except a good sized harrow which leaned up against the side of his stall. During the night the horse rolled over, like any other sleepy animal, and in so doing, kicked the harrow, causing it to fall on the horse. One of the harrow teeth struck him on the head which caused his death.

——Joseph Baker, Esq., of Linden Hall, is something of a potato fancier. He had sixty varieties at the county fair last fall, and will furnish the public with seed potatoes at the following rates:—Peerless, at $1,50 per bushel and all others at $1,25. They can be had of Mr. Baker at his residence, or at the store of Sechler & Co., under the Bush House.
10-3t

——Instead of the usual equinoctial storm last week, we were favored with another good old fashioned snow-storm. We havn't had any snow for so long, that it was a real treat to see the flakes filling the air and the earth below. If old probabilities don't manage the weather better, December will be about as pleasant as May.

——The Commissioners of Centre and Clinton counties, last week, held a joint inquest over the Beech Creek bridge.—After sitting on it until they were chilly they retired to the hotel, and, after discussing the matter at length, concluded to repair the damage done by the late freshet.

——I hear the wood-pecker pecking, the blue-bird tenderly sing; I turn and look out of my window, and lo, it is spring! A breath from tropical borders, a ripple, flow into my room, and washes my face of its sadness, and blows my heart into bloom.

——If the Town Council will allow us, we quietly suggest that the old house, near the Presbyterian church, which was torn down sometime after the late fire in that section, has blockaded Spring street about long enough.

——Mr. Robert Lloyd, of Philipsburg thinks he can keep a better hotel and do more business on the temperance plan than in the old way. We think so too, and wish him success.

——Attention, Murdock's!—The regular election of officers will be held on next Monday evening, March 31. A full attendance is desired.

——Hon. Samuel Linn was in town last week.

——The days are getting beautifully longer at both ends.

——Spots of "living green" are visable on the hillsides.

——Rural school ma'ams are about to close up their schools.

——The voices of the turtle will soon be heard throughout the land.

——The sun equinoxed on last Thursday, and so did the weather.

——The regular term of Court begins on the fourth Monday of April.

——J. W. Harris, is the reapponinted Post Master at Lock Haven.

——Bishop Howe will preach in the Episcopal church on next Sunday.

——W. J. McManigal has a large hardware establishment in Millheim.

——F. W. Crider, Esq., lumberman, late of Snow Shoe, now resides on Spring street.

——The spring sales in this county are well attended, and the prices obtained fully up to those of former seasons.

——A package of our papers failed to reach Lemont week before last. We will find out the reason of this, and report soon.

——A war of words, and a riot on a small scale, occurred between some white and colored boys on last Saturday, on Howard street.

——If girls would have roses for their cheeks, they must do as the roses do—go to sleep with the lilies and get up with the morning—glories.

——Rev. Thomas M. Reese who supercedes Dr. J. S. McMurray as Presiding Elder of this (Altoona) district, is said to be an able preacher.

——A Lock Haven milkman was overheard singing to his fellow-craftsmen: "Yes, we'll gather at the river." He meant more than he said.

——Money sold at the Building and Loan Association for 34½ per cent. The accomplished Secretary of that institution is quite a wordy auctioneer.

——An old waterman floated down over the dams on Spring Creek, Saturday last, in a little boat. His daring performance was witnessed by many.

——The grain looks well in this county. The heavy body of snow protected it from the severe frosts and cold. A plentiful harvest is confidently anticipated.

——The people of Penns Valley, are now doctoring their children for measles which is a popular epidemic among them at present. Always some excitement over there.

——An entertainment was given by the public schools of Centre Hall on last Friday evening. Our reporter says it was a very pleasant and interesting affair and did credit to both pupils and teachers.

——The season is rapidly approaching for unmannerly teamsters to stand their teams on the street crossings. Several individuals "rushed the season" and tried it on Saturday afternoon on Bishop street.

——Lungs of leather could hardly withstand the ups and downs of this winter's temperature. Churches, lecture rooms, schools and kitchens ring with the bleatings of laboring chests and husky throats.

——Two stylish young men from Clinton county gave us a call on Friday. A. B. Garth, of Mill Hall, manages a carriage manufactory, and S. G. Clark is in the nursery business—that is, he sells fruit trees.

——A. B. Henderson, Esq., who for several months was correspondent of the N. Y. *Herald* in Cuba and who resigned or run away, is now the private secretary of the member from Centre. How are the mighty fallen.

——One of our enterprising saloon keepers says he will peddle lager beer by the quart out of a huxter wagon after the local option law goes into effect. "By the quart" and "at your own door" would be quite pleasant for many old soakers we wot of.

——We are frequently asked where the county superintendent is. The *Watchman* says he is all right but don't state his wherebouts. We confess we don't know. It is a queer little conundrum we leave for the school directors of the county to answer.

——The "Penns Valley Banking company" is the name of a new institution to be started in Centre Hall on the first of April. Gen Beaver, John P. Harris, J. D. Shugert, John Hoffer and Peter Hoffer, are the stock holders. W. B. Mingle, of Aaronsburg is to be Cashier.

This bank will not be in opposition to Potters Bank in any particular.

——Our townsman Hon. James Milliken, who lectured in Lock Haven lately, received the following compliment thereto from the degnified editor of the *Clinton Democrat*:

Mr. Milliken is a cultivated gentlemen, his lecture is full of interest, his language and style is clear, concise, and finished, and the scenes described and places visited are the most interesting known to history, and cannot fail to deeply interest every intelligent listener.

TOO WELL KNOWN TO ADVERTISE.—For the benefit of all such as are too well known to advertise, we desire to say just a word. In the first place is it a fact? Those who make use of this argument, we will say, are the oldest settled in business which has made them so well known. Gentlemen, do you consider how great has been the addition to the population since you came? "But" you reply, "They know where I am without advertising." How do they know? "By the sign." O, yes; then that's advertising, is it not? "Well one kind of advertising." And thus it is; if we should say to one of these traders, so well known, take in your sign, what would he say? Of course, it would damage his business; and yet only the small number of pedestrains passing the store are attracted by the sign, while he voluntarily witholds his sign from the thousands who would weekly read it in the columns of our local paper.

If a sign upon the store is essential to the business is not a sign in thousands of families, who would not otherwise see it, infinitely more important?

"Too well known to advertise." Do you forget that people are continually moving? What is there or who is there fixed and settled in this world? Do you consider that other merchants, often young traders, are advertising, if you are not, and taking the ground from under your feet? You will soon discover what becomes of those "well known" when your customers find they can do better when attracted elsewhere.

While the man that is well known is dreamingly keeping charge of his store, not thinking it necessary to advertise, other pushing, earnest, tact-possessing, live, advancing men are issuing their artistically drawn, attractively alluring invitations to the public.—*Hollidaysburg Standard.*

——Last week in our visit to the public schools we could not help contrasting the clean, thrifty appearance of the building with untidy and rough looking school grounds. The trees planted two yeers ago are mostly all dead and should be replaced with a larger growth of maples. The hill below the house should be neatly terraced and then a good, solid iron fence enclosing the lot, would at least keep the children off the streets a part of the time. They must be an annoyance to the neighboring residents, and at recess time, the side walks are so throng with little urchins that pedestrians can hardly pass by.

A judicious expenditure of money in ornamenting these grounds would have a silent but marked influence for good on the rising generation, besides, it would enhance the appearance and value of the surrounding neighborhood.

A short time since a liberal gentleman resding on Linn street offered to be one of ten persons to donate the sum of five hundred dollars each, for the purpose of ornamenting the school grounds. This gentleman's plan was to lay out the plat in walks and gardens, to have varieties of shrubery and flowers, with play grounds, gymnasium and among other attractions, a fine large fountain in the centre of the plot. What a beautiful place it could be made by such a small expenditure of money! Are there not nine other generous men in the town who, of their wealth, would contribute a like amount for the cause of the young, and the beauty of our town? The heathen needs assistance 'tis true, but charity should begin at home.

Those who give liberally for the benefit of foreign educational purposes can find in this enterprise a home work that will be a blessing to the youth of Bellefonte and an honor to themselves. Who will make the initial movement in this matter?

JAMES MILLIKEN, ESQ.—Under a joint resolution of Congress, approved February 14, 1873, President Grant has appointed our fellow townsman, James Milliken, Esq., one of the Commissioners to attend the great International and Industrial Exposition which will take place at Vienna, Austria, and commence on May 1, and close October 31, the present year.—We congratulate the President on this selection, as Mr. Milliken is one of the very best men who could have been selected to represent Pennsylvania at that great exhibition. He will sail hence, April 23, and we bespeak for him a pleasant trip and safe return. During his sojourn in Europe we will be glad if he will favor us with an "occasional" letter; being a keen observer and a fluent writer his letters never fail to interest a reading community.

——Some one has said that the ability of nearly every man to pay his debts, depends upon his ability to collect debts due him. The individuals of a community are linked together by a chain of debts and credits, and in time of depression the refusal of one person to discharge a single liability often embarrasses a line of a dozen debtors and creditors. Hence the prompt payment of small debts becomes, in times like these, a public as well as a private duty. The same money that pays a debt in the morning may pay a dozen before night and twelve men are thus relieved of anxiety and pressure by this payment of one obligation.

——For the benefit of the farmers and other interested parties, we print the following list of Public Sales:

Sale of Philip Kemp, east of Old Fort, March 25th.

Jacob From's sale, near Centre Hall, March 26th.

R. H. Duncan's sale, Spring Mills, March 27th.

Sale of Philip Vanada, dec'd near Madisonburg, March 20th.

Alex. Shannon's sale, Centre Hall March 29th.

Sale of Mary E. Jordan, dec'd, near Churchville, March 29.

Isaac Miller's sale, Centre Hall, March 15th.

——A bright, handsome little boy, whose parents live on Linn street, made about his first visit to Sunday school on last Sabbath and was asked by his teacher "What God did with Adam and Eve when he placed them in the garden of Eden?" The brave little fellow had been listening quite attentively to the story of our first parents, and when this question came his prompt reply was: "I guess he took 'em up an' put 'em to be ."

——On Wednesday was closed a large timber transaction by which Messrs. C. Munson, D. W. Holt, and G. F. Hoop, became owners of a tract of excellent pine timber land comprising 550 acres, known as the Long tract, situate in Morris township, Clearfield county, about three miles from this place. Fifty thousand dollars was the price of this land, Messrs. Graham, Boynton, and Wallace, of Clearfield are the parties from whom the purchase was mane. The present owners purpose erecting mills at no very distant day, and working the pine into lumber.—*Journal.*

——The Centre Hall *Reporter* and Lewistown *Gazette* have been indulging in an exchange of compliments. The *Reporter* has the advantage so far and gets off the following on the *Gazette* man. It is certainly couched in very choice language; "Well, now, Frysinger, shut your mouth; it's so big, if ever you stand along side the railroad with your mouth open, the locomotive will be sure to run in, thinking it's a freight depot.

——List of Letters remaining in the Bellefonte Post Office and unclaimed March 24, 1873:

Ellen Aders, Mrs. E. Campbell, Miss Jennie Campbell, Lewis H. Davison, Mrs. Hannah Duey, Philip Eyrger, Miss Susan E. Fetzer, Alonzo Gilbert, D. C. Gumbrech, A. King, James Krieger, Sarah McKinney—2, Mrs. Sallie Maze, T. W. Squibb, Miss Ann L. Swoanzey, Harvey Seeler, Miss Lettie Snider, Rev. J. W. Smith, Barbara Smith, H. W. Tittes, R. A. Williams, C. H. Williams, Mrs. A. K. Weaver.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

THIS is the season when fresh fish are in good demand. Every body at any time appreciates good beef steak and in fact all other varieties of fresh meat if it is nice and tender and well prepared, and this leads us to say that Mr. Edwin Tyson, in his well known establishment on High street, always pleases his customers with the best varieties of fresh meat in the market. He has on hand at present a large stock of fresh fish. He is receiving daily invoices of different kinds of fish and sells them rapidly at low rates.

SUGARS, white, brown and demorara; Coffees, Rio, Arbuckles and San Freind; Tobaccos twist, cavendish, Garrett's Scotch, and navy together with soaps, hams, pepper, molasses, mackeral, herring, drifs, boots, shoes, stogies and numberless other articles have been received by the well known firm of Burnside & Thomas, during the last few days. They have immense stock and offer good inducements to purchasers.

THE PUREST AND SWEETEST COD-LIVER OIL is Hazard & Caswell's, made on the sea shore, from fresh, selected livers, by CASWELL, HAZARD & Co., New-York. 9-4t

THE LATEST TRIUMPH OF TEMPERANCE.—We congratulate the Temperance world on the success which seems to be everywhere attending the use of VINEGAR BITTERS. It establishes the fact, long contended for by Temperance physicians, that nothing which intoxicates, is ever beneficial to the sick. Certainly no preparation containing alcohol, has ever accomplished such cures of malarious fever, billiousness, dyspepsia, rheumatism, lung complaints, constipation, and general debility, as we here of from all quarters, as the results of this famous vegetable specific. No true philanthrepist will regret to see spirituous liquors expelled from medical use, if they can be safely dispensed with; and that they are not beneficial in any case of sickness, whatever its character, appears at last to have been demonstrated. If public opinion is capable of making any impression upon the mind of the Faculty, they will ere long introduce the most popular of modern medicines into the hospitals, and prescribe it in their practice. The millions have given the article a fair trial; it has more than answered their expectations, and no theoretical opposition can shake their faith in it.

MAGAZINES.

"YOUNG AMERICA" for April fulfills the promise of its past. It is an excellent Juvenile Magazine, bright, live and instructive, as well as entertaining; full of amusement for the little folks.

DEMOREST'S MONTHLY.—The April number of this popular periodical comes to us fresh as a Spring daisy. It is very much enlarged, and every way improved, and we guess the ladies are right when they say it contains as much genuine information as all the other Fashion Magazines put together.

THE PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL for April, take it all in all, is one of the best numbers yet issued of a magazine that is justly distinguished for usefulness. The table of contents is of a character to attract all classes of readers, although "sensationalism" seems to claim no place therein. The follwing subjects seem to us of more special interest: Charles P. Kimball, the well-known Carriage-maker of Main; Inborn Strength, an essay on the elements of human advancement; Educating the Sexes Together; The Foremost Problem; From Whence to No Whither, or the Future Considered; Alimentiveness, its Use and Abuse illustrated; Wilder on Phrenology; Its Worth to Me, a Frank Admission; A Dream Not All a Dream; A Temperance Allegory; Tejuda, the President of Mexico; The Civil Service and Its Tendencies; The Cheerful Face; Thomas Guthrie, D. D.; The Maple Tree; Origin of "April Fool"; East Tennessee and Its Resources, etc.; also an excellent list of recent publications. Terms $3 a year. Single Numbers, 30 cents. S. R. WELLS, N. Y.

MARRIED.

On the 18th inst., at the M E Parsonage, Bellefonte, by Rev M L Smyser, Captain P E Sellers and Miss Mary C C Emerick, both of Buffalo Run, this county.

On the 20th inst., at the same place, by the same, William Arkwright and Miss Alice Funk, both of this county.

DIED.

On the 24th. inst., in this place, Mr. John L. Given, aged 31 years and 11 months.

☞BY ONE OF THE LEADING PHYSICIANS of Philadelphia city.—A careful examination of mortuary statistics established the fact that one adult person out of every six dies of consumption, and so alarmingly is this disease gaining the ascendancy over all other ills to which flesh is heir, that its approach to one's immediate circle is regarded with perfect horror. If you will carefully examine the records of Materia Medica you will invariably discover that the general want of success in treating diseases has not been a deficiency of pathological knowledge of the functions affected, but of a suitable compound that would act upon the disease and all the sympathetic affections.

This want has at last been met in the Bitter Wine of Iron, prepared by the celebrated Dr. E. F. Kunkle, No 259 North Ninth street, Philadelphia. This excellent compound can be taken by persons with the most delicate stomach without any debilitating effect always giving strength and largely increasing the nervous energy of the patient. In all cases of pulmonary complaints it is admirably adapted to relieve the severity of the symptoms in the advanced stages of the disease, or to arrest it in its incipiency. If you want something that will give you strength, a good appetite, build up your constitution, and in place of morose ness and a lack of energy, give you a brisk and vigorous feeling, try Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron. It has already received the meed of praise from thousands who have tested its virtues, and for many years maintained its reputation with unfaded popularity.

Price $1 per bottle. E. F. KUNKEL, Sole Proprietor, No. 259 North Ninth street, below Vine, Philadelphia.

Ask for Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron, and take no other. vin29-1y

Grain and Flour Markets.

Corrected Weekly by C. D. Keller
BELLEFONTE, March 26 1873.

White Wheat per bushel	$1 75
Red wheat No. 1	1 75
Barley	50
Corn, ears	45
Shelled corn	50
Oats	30
Rye per bushel	65
Buckwheat per bushel	65
Clover seed " "	5 00
Plaster ₹ ton	5 00

Provision Market.

Corrected Weekly by C. D. Keller.

Apples, dried, per lb	6@6½
Peaches, dried, per	12½,15@22
Cherries, dried, per lb	5
Beans per quart	10
Fresh Butter lb	25
Chickens, per piece	25
Turkeys, per lb	10
Cheese per lb	20
Hams per lb	12
Bacon	8
Lard per lb	8
Eggs per doz	20
Sides	8
Tallow, per pound	8
Rags	3
Potatoes per bushel	50
Dried Beef	

Philadelphia Trade Report.

PHILADELPHIA, March 21.—Bark—No. 1 Quercitron is held firmly at $32, 50 per ton, but the absence of stock restricts business. Tanners' Bark is nominal.

Seeds—The receips as well as the stocks of Clover seed are large, and demand is quite limited. Sales of 200 bushels fair and choice at 6@6¾c per pound. The last of Timothy was at $3.25. Flaxseed is held with confidence; small sales at $2.10@2.15.

Cotton is without improvement. We quote middling upland at 19¼c, and New Orleans at 19½c.

Petroleum is quiet but steady at 13c for crude in barrels, and 18c for refined.

The Flour market is quiet at yesterday's quotations. There is some little inquiry for exportation, but the bulk of the business is for the supply of the home trade. 2,000 barrels premium Red Stone, Quaker City, and Guard Mills sold on private terms, and 1,000 barrels in lots at $7.25@8.75 for superfine; $6@6.75 for extras; $7.50@7.75 for Iowa and Wisconsin extra family; $8@8.50 for Minnesota do. do.; $8.50@9.50 for Pennsylvania do. do.; $8.50@9.50 for Ohio and Indiana do. do.; and $9.75@11.50 for fancy brands as in quality. Rye Flour is selling at $4.62½@4.87½.

Prime Wheat is attracting much attention, but common and medium grades are not wanted. Sales of 2,000 bushels at $1.56@1.57 for Pennsylvania and Western red, $1.58@2 for amber, and $2@2.20 for white. Rye is quoted at 85c for Pennsylvania and Western. Corn is in good demand at full prices. Sales of 3500 bushels yellow at 59@60c, and some white at 60c. Oats are not much after. Sales of 2100 bushels Western white at 43@55c, and 1400 bushels do mixed at 47@48½c.

In Barley and Malt no sales.

Whisky is steady, with sales of Western iron-bound at 92c.

Railroad.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY DIVISION.

STATIONS.	MLS.	Mail. A.M.	Mail. P.M.	Exp. P.M.
Leave Tyrone	0	9 20	6 45	
East Tyrone	1	9 27	6 52	
Bald Eagle	5	9 39	7 02	
Hannah	10	9 52	7 17	
Port Matilda	14	10 01	7 26	
Martha	17	10 10	7 35	
Julian	21	10 21	7 46	
Unionville	26	10 36	8 01	
Snow Shoe Intersection	29	10 46	8 11	
Arrive Milesburg	31	10 51	8 16	
Leave Bellefonte	33	11 07	8 28	
Milesburg	31	11 18	8 41	
Curtin	34	11 31	8 52	
Mount Eagle	37	11 37	8 58	
Howard	40	11 46	9 07	
Eagleville	44	11 58	9 19	
Beech Creek	46	12 06	9 27	
Mill Hall	51	12 20	9 41	
Flemington	52	12 25	9 45	
Lock Haven Intersection	54	12 30	9 50	
Arrive Lock Haven	55	12 35	10 00	

RETURN.

Leave Lock Haven	0	9 55	3 05	
Lock Haven Intersection	1	9 40	3 10	
Flemington	3	9 47	3 17	
Mill Hall	4	9 52	3 22	
Beech Creek	9	10 06	3 36	
Eagleville	11	10 11	3 41	
Howard	15	10 26	3 56	
Mount Eagle	18	10 35	4 05	
Curtin	21	10 41	4 11	
Arrive Milesburg	24	10 53	4 24	
Leave Bellefonte	26	11 07	4 38	
Milesburg	24	11 18	4 47	
Snow Shoe Intersection	26	11 22	4 52	
Unionville	29	11 37	5 07	
Julian	34	11 49	5 19	
Martha	38	11 59	5 30	
Port Matilda	41	12 09	5 39	
Hannah	45	2 18	5 48	
Bald Eagle	50	12 33	6 03	
East Tyrone	54	12 43	6 13	
Arrive Tyrone	55	12 50	6 20	

LEWISTOWN DIVISION.

MIFFLIN & CENTRE—EASTWARD.

	Accom. No. 1.	Accom. No. 2.	Accom. No. 3.
LEWISTOWN	7 27 a m	12 07 p m	4 22 p m
Logan	7 40	12 20	4 35
Yeagertown P.	7 44	12 24	4 39
Manu's P.	7 50	12 30	4 45
Reedsville	7 54	12 34	4 49
Honey Creek P.	8 07	12 47	5 02
Naginy P.	8 14	12 54	5 00
MILROY, Arrive	8 20 a m	1 00 p m	5 15 p m

Returning leave Milroy at 8 40 a. m., 1 00 p. and 5 25 p.m; Reedsville at 9 00 a. m., 2 16 and 5 51 p. m., arriving at Lewistown at 9 33 a m., 2 43 and 6 25 p. m.

The Mifflin and Centre and Sunbury and Lewistown connect at Lewistown with way passenger and fast lines west, and mail and Cincinnati express east; and at Sunbury with trains on Northern Central, Phila. & Erie, and Harleton.

P. F. SMITH, Supt.